THE CAUCASIAN.

VOL. XVIII. RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1899. NO. 1.

SIGNIFICANT SPEECH.

Great Britain and America Now Understand Each Other.

THE SATISFACTORY CONDITIONS

Now Existing Between The Two Countries—Cause for Hearty Congratulations.

London, by Cable.—Joseph Chamberlain, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, in a speech at a luncheon at Leicester Thursday, said that ever since the great split in the Liberal party he had found himself a mark for the slanders and misrepresentations of the "baser sort of politicians," but that he had found compensation in the generous appreciation of the majority of his countrymen. Continuing, Mr. Chamberlain said he was deeply gratified that the foreign relations of Great Britain were so satisfactory, and he asserted that the country owed a debt of gratitude to Lord Salisbury for the great improvement in Great Britain's position. It was gratifying to note, he said, the friendly relations existing between the Anglo-Saxon branches, saying that the understanding between the United States and Great Britain was indeed a guarantee of the peace of the world. This statement was greeted with cheers. The world he said, was not governed entirely by interest. Sentiment was one of the greatest factors.

Referring to the attacks of the foreign press, Mr. Chamberlin said these newspapers had not spared "the almost sacred person of the Queen." This, continued the speaker, provoked natural indignation, "which may have serious consequence if our neighbors do not mend their ways." An outburst of cheering greeted this threat of the Colonial Secretary. It was a matter of congratulation, Mr. Chamberlain asserted, that the worst of these "disgraceful attacks" did not appear in the German papers.

Dealing with the attitude of the foreign relations, Mr. Chamberlain said: "I rejoice, and it is perhaps natural, for I have taken a personal interest in the matter, in the friendly feeling which I hope is now permanent between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon race. I have so many friends in the United States, almost as many as I have here, and I can conceive of no greater disaster to the two countries than to find themselves hostile to each other. Yet, I remember, when I first visited America, my surprise and astonishment at the evidence given me by statesmen and politicians and in articles in the press, of constant suspicion of the objects of Great Britain, constant doubts as to her integrity, and a general unfavorable estimate of our prospects and character.

"This ill feeling was due, no doubt, to many causes; due to the fact that the United States has never been at war with any great power but England; due to their traditions, extending over a century; due to the feeling that the sympathy of Great Britain was not with them in their civil war, and to the belief that the people of Great Britain would see with satisfaction any harm that might befall them."

Two Fires in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Special.—Nearly $2,000,000 worth of property was destroyed by two fires in the heart of the business section of the city, early Wednesday. The greater of the two fires started in the big department store of Partridge and Richardson, at the southeast corner of Eighth and Filbert streets, the very centre of the shopping district, at 6:30 a. m., and before the flames had been put under control, they spread to adjoining property and caused a lose of about $1,700,000. While this fire was in progress and spreading every moment, another fire broke out four blocks away on the fourth floor of No. 419 Market street. The loss at this fire is estimated at $110,000. The losses of the two fires are more than covered by insurance.

Three Conventions in One

Chicago, Ill., Special.—The special meeting of the national committee of the Silver Republican party, adjourned Wednesday, to meet at the call of the chairman, after having taken action that practically assures the fusion of the party with the Democratic and Populist parties, the endorsement of the Democratic platform and the presidential candidate of that party.

Gen. Mathuen Wounded.

London, By Cable.—It is officially announced that General Methuen was among those wounded at tht battle of Modder river. General Methuen, it developed later, was slightly hurt by a bullet which inflicted a flesh wound in the thigh. Lieutenant Long, of the Second Yorkshires, is another officer killed. Ten offictrs were wounded.

The Seaboard's New Road.

Charleston, S. C., Special.—The Chattanooga, Augusta and Charleston Railway Company, the new road which the Seaboard Air Line proposes to build between Charleston and Atlanta, and surveys for which have already been made, was organized here Wednesday.

Key West Protests.

Washington, D. C., Special.—The citizens of Key West have petitioned the Navy Department not to remove the remains of the victims of the Maine, who were interred in the cemetery there. They have represented that the town purchased a fine lot in the cemetery, placed an iron fence around it, and erected an expensive monument, which is to be dedicated this winter. This was done under an implied understanding that the remains were not to be removed.

Wages to be Raised.

Centreville, Special.—The hands employed in the Centreville cotton mills have been assured by the management that their wages would be advanced in proportion to any increase that might be made in other mills of the State. Wednesday afternoon the girls struck and stated that they would not return until they knew how much their wages were to be advanced. Upon receiving the reply they returned to work.

RICH IRON ORE.

An Important Mineral Discovery Made in Johnston County.

An unlimited deposit of iron ore, rich in quality, has been discovered within twenty-five miles of Raleigh, says the Post.

The deposit is one mile and a half from Wilson's Mill, in Johnston county, and is owned by Mr. G. W. Wilson of Wilson's Mills.

The ore is already being mined and hauled by wagons to Wilson's Mills for shipment. A carload a day is being shipped to the furnace of the Empire Steel and Iron Company at Greensboro.

Mr. Wilson, the owner of the newly discovered iron land, was in Raleigh Tuesday, having came here for the purpose of inducing the Southern Railway to run a track from the North Carolina road at Wilson's Mills to his property. That the road will be built there is little doubt.

Experts from several iron concerns have been to Mr. Wilson's land, and they declare that the ore is present in inexhaustible quantities and that the ore runs from 48 to 55 per cent. of matallic iron. An expert from the Empire Steel and Iron Company went to Wilson's Mill Tuesday. He reported that there was no question as to the presence of the ore in great quantities, and that it is all right.

Mr. Wilson has already had many tempting offers to sell his valuable property, but he positively declines. He says he does not care to sell, but will work the ore and sell it to the furnaces. Mr. Pickett, the president of the Empire Steel and Iron Company, recently visited Mr. Wilson's farm and offered to purchase. He intimated also that he would be willing to put a furnace down at the property, but for the present he wants the ore delivered at Greensboro.

State News Notes.

Col. Francis A. Macon, of Henderson, the quartermaster general of the State Guard, has received the invoice for the ordnance stores which were ordered from the war department for the First North Carolina regiment, State Guard. Col. Macon ordered five hundred rifles for this regiment when the order was put in for ordnance stores, and he is puzzled to know why the invoice was not also received for the rifles. The invoice calls for 558 blankets and as many haversacks, canteens and other equipment of the kind. As soon as the equipment arrives Col. Macon will begin distributing among the companies of the First Regiment.

North Carolina's copper mines, says an exchange, attract some attention now. Recent reports have been sent out regarding those in Rowan county. Some very rich finds have been made. Some experts have examined the Gold Hill copper mines, and pronounce that they are "the best in the world." The miners are giving high endorsement a to the outlook, and it is prophesied that Rowan may yet become one of the greatest producing copper districts in the world. The North Carolina copper differs from the famous Lake Superior copper in that it is much more easily mined and is nearly always found in a natural flux.

Three new cases are reported in the outbreak of smallpox at the Terra Cotta works, four miles west of the city. All of the cases are of a mild form and several of the patients are convalescent. The county physician has charge of the cases. There is no need of fear; the city is protected. One of the new cases is an operative at the Terra Cotta works who left there yesterday and went to Jamestown and broke out with the disease this morning. The county physician went to Jamestown this afternoon and will bring the patient back to Terra Cotta. The other two cases are just beyond Terra Cotta.—Greensboro Telegram.

People from the eastern part of the State say there is an unusually large number of ducks in the sound waters this season and the hunting is very fine.

A twelve-year-old boy has been sent from Rutherford county to the penitentiary for four years. He drew bolts from a railroad track for the purpose of wrecking a train.

The large new pump at the monazite mine of the Campbell Monazite company was broken Saturday night at 9:30 o'clock and work was delayed for two days. They got everything in running order late Saturday afternoon and are hustling now. This company will work about thirty hands in a short while as soon as the machinery is all in operation.—Shelby Star.

News Items.

The British and German Ambassadors were conferring with Secretary Hay on the negotiations concerning Samoa.

Bowdoin College Chapter of the Zeta Psi Fraternity will build a $15,000 fraternity building at Brunswick,

Emperor William and Empress Augusta Victoria of Germany arrived at Flushing, Holland, on their way home from England.

The President has appointed ex-Representative Josiah Patterson, of Tennessee, a member of the Shiloh Park Battlefield Commission, vice the late Colonel Robert F. Looney, of Memphis, Tenn.

Chairman Charles A. Shieren, of the New York Commerce Commission, believe that the retention of New York's grain trade depends on the widening and deepening of the Erie Canal.

The tug Weyman ran down and sank a rowboat at Savannah, Ga., and Isaac Butler and George Brown were drowned.

Permission has been refused for the coffee-laden ship J. W. Taylor, from Santos, with cases of bubonic plague, to dock at New York.

The British steamer Merrimac, which left Quebec for Liverpool on October 27, has not reached that port.

The Standard Oil Company's sunken steamer Maverick was raised at Halifax, N. S., on Thursday, but immediately sank again.

ANOTHER DEATH.

Seventh Victim of the Fever Died At Greensboro.

Greensboro, Special.—Miss McGougan, of Robeson county, a student at the Normanl, died Thursday of typhoid fever. She had been sick about ten days. During the last days of her illness she was nursed by her mother, who carried the body of her daughter to her home at Lumber Bridge. The total number of deaths from the fever at the Normal is seven. There is an improvement in the condition of most of the patients, though several of the girls remain critically ill. The directors of the college are still in session, and nearly all the members of the board are present. They are still silent. Their conservatism and painstaking efforts to ascertain the cause of the sickness are to be commended.

Mr. G. H. Lehmann, the chemist for the city health department of Baltimore, and for the United States government, has made a bacteriological analysis of the Greensboro city water. He pronounces it free from pollution and good for drinking and domestic purposes. It is understood that a bacteriological analysis of the well water used at the college has been made, but this has not been published.

10,000 Acres of Mineral Lands Sold

Ten thousand acres of magnetic iron ore land were leased Wednesday in Ashe county, by Philadelphia parties, representing the Pennsylvania Steel Company, the Cambria Steel Company and others. This embraces the famous Ballou Home Place bank, which realizes 67 per cent. Several thousand dollars cash was paid and the royalty agreed upon was 25 cents per ton. Experts state that this is the greatest and finest deposit of magnetic ore in the Southern States.

State News Notes.

The $10 prize offered by Mrs. Joe Person for the best advertisement of Mrs. Joe Person's Remedy, was won by Miss Ruth McCrew, of Littleton, N. C. She won distinction where so many competed.

The Charlotte papers announce the probable accomplishment of a scheme to utilize the Catawba river, twelve miles distant from Charlotte, for the transmission of electric power to that city, also for lighting the city, running street cars and other purposes. Home and Northern capital is to be invested in it, and the work carried out on a grand scale, much grander, they say, than the work now in progress at "The Narrows," on the Yadkin river. With this under way it will make the fourth plant of this kind in the State, the Roanoke scheme, if it fruits, will make the fifth, and these five will take in several of our largest manufacturing cities in the central belt of the State, such as Raleigh, Fayetteville, Salisbury, Winston-Salem, Charlotte, Concord and Asheville.

Cooper Brothers, of Raleigh, have awarded the contract to C. A. McGalliard for the cutting of the large granite pedestal for the Senator Vance statue to be erected in Raleigh. The bottom base is seven feet square.

Sunday a lot of mosquitoes from a county on the Roanoke river were sent to Baltimore for a bacteriological examination. It is said that in that particular section as soon as a mosquito bites a person a case of chills and fever results with remarkable quickness.

President William A. Graham, of the State Farmers' Alliance, calls on all the sub-alliances to send delegates to the State convention of tobacco growers December 6. It is well known that one of the special purposes of this convention is to fight the American Tobacco Company.

Sampson county has been without legalized bar rooms for ten months, but at their last meeting the commissioners granted license to sell liquor to three applicants. The Democrat says that after testing the matter the commissioners decided that it was better to license the sale of liquor than for the county to be dry in name only.

I. B. Ledbetter, of Davidson's River, Transylvania county, met with a serious misfortune in the total loss of his store building and contents by fire last Thursday night. The Davidson River postoffice was kept in the store and all the postal records and supplies were destroyed. As all the store books were burned, including nearly a thousand dollars in accounts it may be difficult to establish amount of loss to the satisfaction of the insurance people. Mr. Ledbetter claims a loss of nearly or quite $3,000.

Notes.

Madam Elrado, the palmist and fortune teller, expects to invest recent earnings in a poultry farm near Durham.

On the invitation of the Secretary of the Navy, Miss Maria Teneyck Decatur Mayo, daughter of Mr. W. R. Mayo, of Norfolk, and grand daughter of Admiral Decatur, has consented to act as sponsor for the torpedo boat destroyer Decatur, now under construction by the William R. Trigg Company, of Richmond, on the occasion of the launching of that vessel on a date to be fixed here after.

The United States imports annually about $19,000,000 worth of tobacco.

To Test the Law.

Richmond, Va., Special.—A movement has been started by the leading bankers and business men of Richmond, to test the constitutionality of the act of Congress imposing a tax of 10 per cent upon the issues of State bank notes. A committee composed of R. A. Lancaster, Jos. Bryan, John L. Williams, E. B. Addison and W. M. Habliston, has been formed and they have retained Wm. L. Royall as counsel to take a test case to the Supreme Court of the United States.

TO BE CHALLENGED.

Congressman Roberts, Of Utah, Will Not Be Sworn In.

THE PLAN OF PROCEEDING.

He Will Be Objected to on the Ground of Not Being Eligible, and Asked to Stand Aside, Pending Investigation.

Washington, D. C., Special.—At a conference of about 25 prominent House Republicans held at the capitol Friday night, it was decided that the eligibility of Representative-elect Roberts, of Utah, to occupy a seat in the House of Representatives, should be investigated, and determined that pending the decision he should not be permitted to take the oath of office. This decision was arrived at by those present without a dissenting voice. Representative Taylor, of Ohio, who will have charge of the matter in the House, explained, after the conference had adjourned, that this proceeding does not involve a pre-judgment of the case, but irrespective of party, will afford the members an opportunity to vote after a thorough investigation and complete presentation of the case for their consideration. Mr. Taylor had a study of the allegations and presented them at length to his colleagues. He offered a plan of procedure which was agreed to after a general exchange of views. The procedure is to be as follows: When Mr. Roberts appears at the bar of the House to take the oath, objection is to be made upon the ground that he is ineligible. He will then step aside and after the other members are sworn in, the member making the objection—who probably will be Mr. Taylor—will recite the allegation and offer a resolution for their investigation by a special committee. This will give the House an opportunity to vote in the first instance upon the question of postponing the administration of the oath until the allegations have been investigated. The resoultions have not been formulated yet, but they will include the investigation of the charge that Mr. Roberts' alleged conviction of violation of the Edmunds act in 1889 renders him ineligible by the terms of that act whether the fact that he is an avowed polygamist renders him ineligible, and whether the State of Utah in electing him has not violated the compact by which she obtained statehood.

Mr. Taylor says the precedents for objecting to the swearing in of a member duly elected and bearing proper credentials are numerous and in point Among others are the well known cases of Proctor Knott, Boyd Winchester and John M. Rice, of Kentucky, who were elected to Congress shortly after the war and who were charged with ineligibility on the ground of disloyalty All these precedents were cited at the conference. These precedents lead to the conclusion that objection can be properly made to the swearing in of a member where there are apparently well grounded reasons for believing him to be ineligible. The resolution will provide for the appointment of a special commission of either seven or nine to be named by the Speaker. Representative Powers, of Vermont, presided at the conference. Those present were Messrs. Henderson, of Iowa; Grosvenor, Shattuc, Southard, Kerr and Taylor, of Ohio; Powers, of Vermont; McPherson, of Iowa; Dalzell, of Pennsylvania; Payne and Sherman, of New York; Hill, of Connecticut; Thomas, of Iowa; Alexander and Ray of New York; Curtis, of Kansas; Warner, of Illinois; Landis, of Illinois; Morris, of Minnesota; Steele, of Indiana; Long, of Kansas. The Roberts case is not to come up for consideration at the Republican caucus. The Republican leaders do not desire to make the question in any sense a party issue.

Telegraphic Briefs.

A mob gathered around the hotel in Paris where some of the Tennessee volunteers were stopping on their way home from the Philippines, and, mistaking them for English soldiers, threatened them with violence. It dispersed when the truth was discovered.

The battleship Texas has arrived at Brunswick, Ga., and on application from Captain Sigsbee, the Secretary of the Navy has granted permission for the vessel to remain there several days. Later, when she proceeds to Havana, Captain Sigsbee will remain in command, not assuming his new departmental position in Washington until after the bodies of the Maine victims are brought up on the Texas for interment in Washington.

The total bank clearings in the United States for the past week were $1,437,945,126, per cent. decrease 6.5. Exclusive of New York, $527,027,011; per cent. decrease, 10.2.

Hanna Has Had Enough.

Cleveland, O., Special.—Conceding the reports which have been in circulation for several weeks, to the effect that Senator Hanna would not succeed himself as chairman of the national Republican committee, it can be stated on the authority of Mr. Hanna's most intimate friends, that he has no desire to manage another campaign, and that unless very strong pressure is brought to bear upon him he will, in all probability, decline to do so.

$200,000,000 Sugar Trust.

Chicago, Special.—The News says: "A $200,000,000 trust is in contemplation. There is every prospect that the American Sugar Company, the Glucose Refining Company and all of the so-called independent sugar refineries will be consolidated. H. O. Havemeyer, of the sugar combine, has, it is understood, secured an option on the Arbuckle Sugar Company, the Doscher concern and the outside plants in Boston and New Orleans.

CAUCUS NOMINATIONS.

Henderson, of Iowa, to be Speaker of the House.

Washington, D. C., Special.—The Democrats of the house, at their caucus held in the hall of Representatives, Saturday afternoon, selected Representative James D. Richardson, of Tennessee, as their candidate for Speaker, after a spirited contest, which lasted six ballots. This carries with it the Democratic leadership on the floor. Mr. Richardson has served 14 years in the house, and is the oldest Democratic member in point of service except Mr. McRae, of Arkansas. The candidates against Mr. Richardson were Representatives DeArmond, of Missouri; Bankhead, of Alabama, and Sulzer, of New York. Representative Hay, of Virginia, was elected chairman of the caucus, by a vote of 77 to 62 cast for Mr. McRae, of Arkansas. It has been customary for the oldest member in point of service to preside over the caucus and the selection of Mr. Hay, who has served only one term, was an unusual honor. The name of Mr. Norton, of Ohio, was also presented for presiding officer, but was withdrawn. Representatives Cummings, of New York, and Robertson, of Louisiana, were elected secretaries.

The nomination of General David B. Henderson, of Iowa, was a foregone conclusion and he was nominated by the Republican caucus by acclamation. The officers of the last house, except Colonel Russell, the sergeant-at-arms, were re-nominated without opposition as follows: Clerk, Alexander McDowell, of Pennsylvania; doorkeeper, W. J. Glenn, of New York; postmaster, J. C. McElroy, of Ohio; chaplain, Rev. Henry Coudan, of Michigan. Col. Russell was not a candidate for re-election and Colonel Henry A. Casson, of Wisconsin, was nominated in his stead.

The caucus was held in the House of Representatives, and was largely attended. It was presided over by General Grosvenor, of Ohio, who was reelected secretary. General Henderson's name was presented by Mr. Payne, of New York, and seconded by Mr. Hopkins, of Illinois, both of whom had been candidates originally. The roll was not called. The nomination was made by acclamation.

General Henderson came to the capitol and remained in the Speaker's room, in the rear of the house lobby, until after the house officers had been selected. He was then escorted to the rostrum of the house by Messrs. Hopkins, of Illinois; Payne, of New York, and Sherman, of New York.

Dr. Nixon Killed.

Wilmington, N. C., Special.—The body of Dr. T. F. Nixon, resident physician at the State farm at Castle Hayne, nine miles from Wilmington, was found Saturday beside the Wilmington and Weldon railroad track two miles from his home. The entire top of his head was knocked off and his brains scattered along the track for some distance. It is presumed that he was struck by the northbound train while on his way from home from Wilmington.

The Express Robbery.

Columbia, S. C., Special.—The Branchville express robber has not been caught. Detectives from this city and Charleston have gone to help the county authorities. A reward of $500 has been offered by the express company. Something crooked is suspected. This suspicion is heightened as the $10,000 lost from Columbia express office two years ago has never turned up.

First Shipment to Paris Exposition.

New York, Special.—The United States auxiliary cruiser Prairie sailed from the Brooklyn navy yard Monday, having on board the first shipment of the United States government exhibit for the Paris exposition. The cruiser will go from here to Norfolk, Va., where she will take on board lumber, and will then go to Baltimore, whence she sails direct for Havre on December 10th.

A Cotton Mill Chartered.

Columbia, S. C., Special.—The Monarch Cotton Mills, of Union, S. C., has been chartered, capital stock, $200,000. The officials are: J. A. Fent, T. C. Duncan and E. Nicholson.

Telegraphic Briefs.

A Yokahoma dispatch, via San Francisco, says that the bubonic plague has made its entrance into Japan, five undoubted cases having been reported at Kobe, three already proving fatal.

Albert Swingle, aged 14, has confessed that he shot his mother dead, at Connelville, O.

Since 1880 the Cigarmakers' National Union has paid out $4,045,465 for relief of members out of work.

W. B. Googhehan, of Berkeley, Cal., has accepted a call to the First Independent Christ Church, at Baltimore, Md.

Leaving a note, asking his wife to forgive the deed, L. A. Root killed himself by drinking carbolic acid, at Port Huron, Mich.

A number of prominent ministers in their Thanksgiving sermons, at Cleveland, O., upheld the President's Philippine policy.

The Continental Tobacco Company, of St. Louis, Mo., has decided on an advance of four cents per pound in the price of tobacco.

The total gold output in Cripple Creek (Col.) district for November, was $2,515,500, 25 per cent. more tha in any previous month.

In a delerium from pneumonia, Jennie Michelbank jumped from a fourth-story window, at the Roosevelt Hospital, at New York, and was killed.

The average loss by fire in the United States has been reduced in ten years from $6,922 to $1,860. The insurance loss in the same period was reduced from $3,993 to $1,056.

ARP MAKES A TOUR.

Taking in Several of the Towns of the State,

AND OBSERVES MANY THINGS

As He Journeys Along—How Towns Get Their Names—Dull Towns And Progressive Ones.

How ephemeral is fame. This word is of Greek origin and literally means "for a day" and was applied to the lives of certain insects. Its meaning has broadened and now it is applied to life or fame or wealth or happiness or anything that is of brief or uncertain duration. I was ruminating about this because I have been down to Barnesville and Thomaston, two prosperous towns, one in Pike and the other in Upson county. I inquired of several good citizens who Mr. Upson was and they could not tell. Finally an old gentleman said that he was a member of the legislature from Oglethorpe county and was a very great and good man and died early, and the legislature of which he was a member made a new county and named it for him. But now there is not one man in a hundred in that county that knows anything about him. I did not find anybody who knew what Mr. Thomas the town was named for. Just so I did not find anyone at Barnesville who knew what Mr. Pike that county was named for. So I had to wait till I got home and examined my books and I learned that Zebulon Pike was a great soldier in the war of 1812—that before that he explored the far west, and was the first man to discover and ascend that very high mountain which has ever since been called "Pike's Peak."

The town of Zebulon took his Christian name or rather his Jewish name, for Zebulon was the sixth son of Jacob and his descendants became sailors. Nobody could tell me who Barnesville was named for. Nobody cares very much who any town or county was named for. The present seems to be all that concerns us, and the historic part will soon pass into oblivion for the old men are nearly all dead. Not long ago I read how an Englishman was walking about the beautiful cemetery of Gettysburg and met a confederate veteran there and said to him: "These grand monuments and gravestones will forever perpetuate the memories of the brave men who fell, but I fear your confederate dead will soon pass into oblivion unless you give them cemeteries and monuments like these." "No," said the veteran, "Ours will last as long as these, for every stranger who comes here will naturally ask the same question that you did: 'Who killed all these people who are buried here?'"

As I travel over the south I can tell a prosperous town from a stagnant one by the wheels that are turning, the smoke stacks and the hum of machinery, or the absence of all these—built in 1833, and has been added to in later years, and now is erecting another with a home capital of $100,000. Everywhere are visible the signs of progress and business activity. The new hotel recently built by Mrs. Sandwich is a gem of beauty and reminds the traveler of Florida and the tropics. All around are to be seen new residences of modern architecture. The Barnesville is forging ahead and so is Thomaston, for both have cotton mills already and are building more. Thomaston can boast of having the oldest cotton factory in Georgia for it was auditorium nearly completed is a marvel of Grecian beauty. An electric plant lights the new hotel and many homes and will soon light the streets of the little city. Mrs. Sandwich established this plant and owns it. Just ponder it a moment. A woman is the foremost factor in the advancing progress of a newborn city. Now if they will let her tear down the old antebellum court house and erect a new one she will do it. But she can't vote—when is this fossiliferous relic of a past age to be reformed. The dirtiest negro in this town has a vote in selecting its ruler, while a widow who pays the highest tax is excluded. All but one of the teachers in our public schools are women, but they have no voice in anything except the privilege of teaching our children. The Hardwick bill is dead, and the maxim is to speak no ill of the dead, but a better bill would have been to place the ballot box just where the jury box is now. In every country there is a commission of honorable men who select the men who are fit to serve on the jury and their names only are placed in the jury box. Men of bad moral character or exceeding ignorance are excluded. We have known instances where men of considerable wealth were excluded because of their notorious vices.

Our Thanksgiving is over—we had a turkey that had been stall-fed, but my wife and I were invited to a good kind neighbor's and the girls to another neighbor's, and our turkey has been respited. He has been gobbling all the day, but hears no response from neighboring coops. I would be sorry for turkeys if they were sorry for themselves.

We had a union Thanksgiving service in our town and a large congregation listened to Mr. Bealer's eloquent discourse from the 147th Psalm: "God hath not dealt so with any other nation." He sketched our country from Columbus down and showed us that blessing and love had followed us for 400 years. It was a grand sermon.—Bill Arp in Atlanta Constitution.

A Munificent Gift to the St. Vincent's Hospital.

The St. Vincent's Hospital at Norfolk, which was recently destroyed by fire, is the recipient of many handsome donations to help rebuild this noble institution. Among the contributors we find the men of the Baltimore Steam Packing Co., "The Old Bay Line," which company has presented to the Building Fund of St. Vincent's Hospital the sum of $500.00. This spirit of generosity has lately exhibited itself among several of the transportation companies, and such munificent donations as is made by the "Bay Line" will aid largely in the early erection of the new buildings of the St. Vincent's Home at Norfolk, and the calamity that unfortunately befell the institution will be somewhat alleviated.

Lethargic.

From the Chicago News: Stubb—"Are the people of this town healthy?" Penn—"Well, half the time they're in bed." Stubb—"Ill?" Penn—"No, sleep."

CONFERENCE APPOINTMENTS.

Where the Methodists Ministers Will Labor Next Year.

The session of the Western North Carolina Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, held at Concord, closed on Monday night at 9 clock.

It was one of the most harmonious in the history of the conference, and a great deal was accomplished in the interest of the church. Following is a full list of the appointments:

CHARLOTTE DISTRICT—S. B. TURRENTINE, P. E.

Charlotte, Tryon Street Methodist—H. F. Chreitzberg.
Trintiy Mehtodist— F. Siler.
Brevard Street—J. E. Gay.
Calvary—D. M. Litaker
Belmont—T. A. Sikes.
Dilworth—J. A. Baldwin.
Epworth and Seversville—A. R. Surratt.
Ansonville Circuit—G. D. Herman.
Clear Creek Circuit—Supernumerary B. F. Fincher.
Derita Circuit—L. M. Brower.
Lilesville Circuit—S. S. Gasque.
Matthews Station—T. P. Bonner.
Monroe Station—W. M. Bagby.
Monroe Circuit—A. A. Crater.
Pineville Circuit—H. C. Sprinkle.
Polkton Circuit—W. V. Honeycutt.
Weddington Circuit—T. F. Carver.
Wadesboro Station—P. Holmes.
Waxhaw Circuit—T. L. Steele.
Morven Circuit—L. E. Stacy.

ASHEVILLE DISTRICT—D. ATKINS, P. E.

Central—J. H. Weaver.
North Asheville—E. K. McLarty.
Haywood Street—J. N. Huggins.
Bethel—J. J. Gray.
Weaverville Circuit—R. M. Taylor.
Swannanoa Circuit—G. W. Crutchfield.
Cane Creek Circuit—R. B. Shelton.
Burnsville Circuit—J. H. Barnhardt.
Saluda Circuit—R. G. Tuttle.
Hendersonville Circuit—D. Vance Price.
Old Fort Circuit—J. D. Bule.
Hot Springs Circuit—H. Turner.
Marshall Circuit—G. J. Owens.
Ivy Circuit—A. W. Jacobs.
Bald Creek Circuit—J. D. Gibson
Sunday School Editor—J. Atkins.
President Weaverville College—G. F. Kirby.
Professor Asheville College for Women—E. L. Bain.

FRANKLIN DISTRICT—C. M. CAMPBELL, P. E.

Franklin Station—Ira Erwin.
Franklin Circuit—T. E. Weaver.
Macon Circuit—L. F. Glenn.
Highland Circuit—J. W. Campbell.
Glennville Circuit—J. C. Keever.
Webster and Dillsboro Stations—R. S. Howie.
Cullowhee Circuit—Supernumerary, J. J. Edwards.
Bryson City Station—W. L. Nicholson.
Whittier Circuit—E. M. Myers.
Andrews Circuit—J. H. Bradley.
Robbins Circuit—Supernumerary, B. H. Cordell.
Hiawassee Circuit—J. R. J. Faggington.
Murphy Station—J. E. Abernathy.
Hayesville Circuit—E. N. Crowder.
Bushnell Circuit—Supernumerary, A. P. Foster.

GREENSBORO DISTRICT—F. H. WOOD, P. E.

Greensboro, West Market Street—J. C. Rowe.
Centenary—T. E. Wagg.
Proximity—V. L. Marsh.
West Randolph—
Greensboro Circuit—T. R. Webb, J. P. Loring.
Reidsville Station—J. R. Brooks.
Wentworth Circuit—E. J. Poe.
Ruffin Circuit—W. S. Hales.
Pleasant Garden—R. F. Bryant, J. F. Craven, Supernumerary.
Ramseur—J. F. England.
Liberty—E. Eaves.
Randleman Station—J. B. Tabor.
Naomi Station—S. D. Stamey.
Ashboro Station—A. W. Plyler.
Ashboro Circuit—Supernumerary, J. F. Allred.
Uwharrie Circuit—T. S. Ellington.
Jackson Hill Circuit—J. P. Davis.
Randolph Circuit—J. M. Price.
High Point Station—J. R. Scroggs, G. H. Crowell.
Editor North Carolina Christian Advocate—L. W. Crawford.
Professor Greensboro Female College—T. A. Smoot.
Conference Missionary Secretary—W. L. Grissom.

MT. AIRY DISTRICT—J. J. RENN, P. E.

Mt. Airy Station—H. K. Boyer.
Mt. Airy Circuit—B. F. Carpenter.
Pilot Mountain Circuit—W. P. McGhee.
Stokes Circuit—R. T. N. Stevenson.
East Bend Circuit—A. J. Burns.
Elkin Station—W. H. Leith.
Wilkesboro Circuit—J. P. Rodgers.
North Wilkesboro Circuit—L. P. Bogle.
Rockford Circuit—S. Taylor.
Sparta Circuit—Supernumerary, S. W. Brown.
Healing Springs Circuit—W. J. Hughes.
Jefferson Station—A. L. Stanford.
Watauga Circuit—A. S. Roper.
Boone Circuit—R. W. Courtney.
Creston Circuit—T. B Johnston.

MORGANTON DISTRICT—C. G. LITTLE, P. E.

Morganton Station—R. H. Parker.
Morganton Circuit—J. W. Jones.
Table Rock Circuit—J. C. Postell.
Marion Station—R. D. Sherrill.
Henrietta and Caroleen—J. A. Bowles.
McDowell Circuit—C. H. Caviness.
Rutherfordton Circuit—J. H. Bundle.
Broad River Circuit—M. C. Field.
Green River Circuit—J. D. Carpenter.
Bakersville Circuit—L. B. Triplett.
Elk Park Circuit—L. E. Peeler.
Estatoe Circuit—Supernumerary, R. H. Penland.
Silver Creek Circuit—A. G. Gantt.
Connelly Spring Circuit—L. L. Smith.
Forest City Station—L. LeGette.
Rutherford Circuit—J. B. Carpenter.

SALISBURY DISTRICT—W. W. BAYS, P. E.

Salisbury, Church Street—H. L. Atkins.
Main Street—A. H. Whisner.
East Salisbury—J. T. Erwin.
Salisbury Circuit—S. M. Davis.
Spencer Circuit—R. C. Craven.
China Grove Circuit—J. J. Eades.
Concord, Central—J. A. B. Fry.
Forest Hill—R. M. Hoyle.
Epworth—R. G. Barrett.
Concord Circuit—J. S. Nelson.
Mt. Pleasant Circuit—L. T. Cordell.
Salem Circuit—E. G. Pusey.
Norwood Circuit—J. A. Clarke.
Albemarle Station—N. R. Richardson.
Albemarle Circuit—C. M. Gentry.
Gold Hill Circuit—F. W. Bradley.
Lexington Station—J. D. Arnold.
Linwood Circuit—D. P. Tate.
Professor in Trinity Park High School—J. F. Bivins.

SHELBY DISTRICT—W. R. WARE, P. E.

Shelby Station—H. M. Blair.
Shelby Circuit—W. F. Womble.
King's Mountain and Ebethel—D. H. Coman.
Gastonia Station—G. H. Detwiler; one to be supplied.
McAdensville Station—W. M. Robbins.
Stanley Creek Circuit—J. H. West.
Lowell Circuit—S. T. Barber.
Mountain Island Station—R. L. Ownbey.
Lincolnton Circuit—A. E. Willet.
Lowesville Circuit—T. T. Salyer.
Cherryville Circuit—J. W. Clegg.
South Fork Circuit—A. Sherrill.
Bellwood Circuit—J. E. Woisey.
Polkville Circuit—J. A. Cook.
Rock Springs Circuit—M. D. Gilka.
Bessemer City Station—T. W. Smith.
North Cleveland Circuit—T. P. Gibson.
Belwood Institute—P. T. Durham.
Professor in Trinity College—J. M. Downum.

STATESVILLE DISTRICT—J. E. THOMPSON, P. E.

Statesville Station—M. A. Smith.
West End—S. P. Douglas.
Taylorsville Circuit—W. S. Cherry.
Statesville Circuit—W. L. Dawson.
Stony Point Circuit—W. B. Scarborough.
Catawba Circuit—J. W. Bowman.
Newton Circuit—C. F. Sherrill.
Maiden Circuit—Supernumerary, J. W. Ingle.
Turnersburg Circuit—J. J. Heavener.
Pisgah, Snow Creek—P. L. Terrell.
Hickory Station—T. A. Boone.
Granite Falls Station—W. T. Merrill.
Granite Falls Circuit—J. T. Stover.
Lenoir Station—W. L. Sherrill.
Lenoir Circuit—G. W. Ivey.
Mooresville Station—G. T. Rowe.
Mocksville Circuit—Superumerary, W. F. Elliott.
Troutman Circuit—G. W. Callahan.
Mt. Zion Station—J. O. Shelley.
Woodleaf Circuit—J. J. Brooks.
President Davenport College—C. M. Pickens.

WAYNESVILLE DISTRICT—F. L. TOWNSEND, P. E.

Waynesville Station—T. J. Rodgers.
Haywood Circuit—W. M. Boring.
West Haywood Circuit—J. S. Ragan.
Canton Circuit—W. Y. Scales.
Clyde Circuit—J. P. Reynolds.
Sulphur Springs Circuit—W. G. Mallonee.
Leicester Circuit—J. H. Moore.
Brevard Station—G. G. Harley.
Spring Creek Circuit—C. P. Goode.
French Broad Circuit—Supernumerary, J. B. Heyder.
Transylvania Circuit—J. D. Rankin.
Mills River Circuit—J. A. Scronce.

WINSTON DISTRICT—P. J. CARRAWAY, P. E.

Centenary—T. F. Marr.
Burkehead—W. C. Wilson.
Grace—W. H. Willis.
Winston Circuit—J. C. Mock.
Forsyth Circuit—C. A. Wood.
Kernersville Circuit—B. A. York.
Madison Circuit—Z. Paris.
Danbury Circuit—W. H. Perry.
Davidson Circuit—M. H. Hoyle.
Summerfield Circuit—P. E. Parker.
Mocksville Station—H. H. Jordan.
Mocksville Circuit—W. H. L. McLaurin.
Farmington Circuit—M. H. Vestal.
Walkertown Station—Wm. Curtis.
Jamestown Circuit—T. H. Pegram.
Thomasville Station—L. A. Falls.
Transferred: C. W. Byrd to Louisville conference and stationed at Settle chapel, Owensboro. J. P. McFerrin to North Alabama and stationed at First church, Birmingham.

THE MARKETS.

Prevailing Prices of Cotton, Grain and Produce.

CHARLOTTE COTTON MARKET.

COLUMBIA COTTON.

Low middling	6 5-8
Middling	7
Strict middling	7 1-4
Good middling	7 3-8

Market quiet.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Cotton quiet; middling 7 1-2; net and gross receipts 10,099; sales 4,050; stock 336,197; exports to Great Britain 2,799; coastwise 1,797; to France 5,475.

NEW YORK COTTON.

Cotton quiet; middling 7 3-4; net receipts 497; gross receipts 2,779; stock 106,103; exports to Great Britain 200; to continent 413.

WILMINGTON COTTON.

Cotton steady; middling 7 1-4; net and gross receipts 2,709; stock 23,580.

BALTIMORE PRODUCE.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour easy; winter patents 3.40a3.50; straits 3.00a3.20; clear 2.90a3.10; spring patents 3.20a3.50½ straits 2.70a2.83; bakers' 1.90a2.50. No. 2 spring wheat 58a64; No. 2 red 66a66 1-2; No. 2 corn 30 1-4a30 1-2; No. a oats 22 3-4a23; No. 2 white 24 3-4; No. 3 white 24 1-2a25 1-2. No. 2 rye 49. No. 2 barley 37 1-2a42. No. 1 flaxseed 1.39; northwestern 1.39. Prime Timothy seed 2.50. Mess pork, per barrel 7.70a9.50. Lard per 100 lbs. 4.50a5.10. Short ribs sides (loose) 4.85a5.17. Dry salted shoulders (boxed) 5 3-8a5 1-2. Short clear sides (boxed) 5.20a5.30. Whiskey, distillers' finished goods, per gallon, 1.23 1-2. Butter strong; creameries 16a26; dairy 16a22. Cheese easy; at 11 1-2a12 1-2. Eggs steady; fresh 18.

SEVENTY YEARS.

He Has Lived Without Working, Because He Doesn't Believe in It.

Springfield (Mo.) special Chicago Record: Down in Stone county, Missouri, thirty miles south of this city, walled in by the Ozark mountains lives Skinch Painter, who took a solemn vow nearly sixty years ago that he would never work. He declared the belief that the world owes a living to every one brought into it and that work is a useless sin. This remarkable character is seventy years old. In his own case he has made positive demonstration of his anti-work theory, for he has never toiled. Yet he lives in absolute contentment, and has the natural happiness of the early day Indians as portrayed in story books. He says he has never suffered from hunger, has never felt the need of money, and has never weakened in his determination to abstain from labor. He has literally fished, hunted and fiddled his way through the world. That is what he said he would do when he was ten years old. Skinch Painter was born in the Ozark mountains. He has never been married. He has brothers in adjoining counties who are prosperous farmers. Skinch hasn't seen his kinsmen for a score of years, although they live less than fifty miles away.

It is not necessary to hang up a code of home laws in the house where love is dwelling.

THE CAUCASIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
BY THE CAUCASIAN PUBLISHING CO.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office in Clinton, N. C. as second-class mail matter

WE COPY WITH PLEASURE.

The News and Observer, in a recent issue, published two clippings from Republican papers in Philadelphia exposing Republican election frauds, and calling upon the CAUCASIAN to publish the same. The extracts copied by the News and Observer are as follows:

"In Philadelphia we have not had an honest election for many years, and the debauchery of the ballot has acquired the system and precision of a science with the dominant so-called Republican machine. This has not been the growth of a day or a year, but has been perfected by a steady, systematic development of the most minute details of original ingenuity. The machine has educated its followers in election crime, rewarded them according to their perfection in fraudulent arts and extolled and honored the leadership which best knew how to devise and avail itself of corrupt practices and protected and promote its debased tools and disciples."—John Wanamaker's paper.

The next clipping is from the Philadelphia Ledger, and is as follows:

"The debauchers of the ballot stalk unhindered, unnoticed by our police authorities, who have 2,500 officers under them; they, in fact, consummate their crimes without fear of the police, and the public continue with unquestioning indifference, to pay for the support of the police department $2,500 000 a year, though it leaves undetected, unexposed and unpunished the offenses against the ballot of those practical politicians who systematically corrupt our elections, and thereby disfranchise honest patriotic citizens."

The News and Observer publishes the above clippings with a great flourish of trumpets, and seems to proudly call attention to the fact that there are other parties stealing votes and stuffing ballot boxes besides the Democratic party in North Carolina.

The News and Observer closes its editorial comment with the following:

"The Winston Republican, the Caucasian and other organs of negro supremacy in North Carolina are requested to copy."

We have never seen anything that has appeared in the columns of the News and Observer that it gives us more pleasure to copy than the above extracts quoted by the News and Observer, not because we are delighted to know that anybody steals votes, but because it is high time that all honest citizens had their attention drawn sharply to the infamy of election thievery. But what the CAUCASIAN would like to know is what the CAUCASIAN failed to say in its editorial: that is, does the News and Observer condemn this ballot box stuffing in Pennsylvania by the machine? and if so, does it simply condemn it because it is done by Republicans, or does it condemn it as a matter of principle. The CAUCASIAN exposes and denounces election frauds as readily when committed by one party as by another. It is just as infamous for the Republican machine to steal votes in Pennsylvania as it is for the Simmons machine to steal votes in North Carolina. Now if the News and Observer is opposed to ballot box stuffing in Pennsylvania, will it have the courage to denounce Simmons and his methods in North Carolina. We notice that it did not denounce Goebel and his organized band of election thieves in Kentucky.

There appeared in the Washington Post of last Sunday an interesting editorial on the election frauds in Pennsylvania. We make from it the following extract;

"There is almost a certainty that the year will go out and there is a distressful probability that the century will expire leaving unsolved the mystery of the Philadelphia election frauds. Why it is that the party which has an overwhelming majority in that city on a fair count, and can, when it tries hard, carry the State of Pennsylvania by majorities requiring six figures to report them, should persistently and systematically resort to repeating, ballot-box stuffing, fraudulent registration, and all other devices to which rascals resort when they want to swell a minority into a majority, is a mystery more profound, and to us far more interesting than anything that is concealed by arctic or antarctic ice."

Now will the News and Observer be kind enough to copy the above interrogation on election frauds from the Washington Post and join all other honest newspapers in denouncing the "devices to which rascals resort when they want to swell a minority into a majority.

The railroads of the country have applied to the Interstate Commerce Commission for a further extension of time within which to equip their cars and locomotives with automatic couplers and power brakes. The law requiring these safety appliances was passed in March 1893, and it would seem that a period of six years was sufficient time to comply with the law. It has been their policy, however, to defer the enforcement of the law from year to year while the sacrifice of life incident upon the use of the old and dangerous coupler continues. We trust that the Interstate Commerce Commission will this time give the railroad companies to understand that the law was put upon the statute books to be complied with, and that it must be done so with as little further delay as possible.

GEORGIA REPUDIATES THE SIMMONS DISFRANCHISING SCHEME.

A Georgia member of the Legislature (which is now in session), named Hardwick, thought he would make himself famous in Georgia. This member of the legislature looked over into North Carolina and saw how one Simmons had pledged the people if he and his machine was put into power that they would disfranchise no one, and how, when he had gotten into power by fraud and false pretence, broke all of his pledges and proceeded to pass through the legislature his monopoly scheme of disfranchisement. This Mr. Hardwicke seemed to admire and endorse such methods of political perfidy. At least he copied the Simmons disfranchising amendment and introduced it in the Georgia Legislature. He prepared himself with a great speech which he delivered in dramatic style; but, when the vote was taken, be it said to the credit and good sense and honesty of the Georgia Legislature, the infamous scheme secured but three votes while one hundred and thirty seven votes were cast against it. The People of North Carolina should next August defeat the Simmons scheme of disfranchisement with the same avalanche of votes that the Georgia Legislature has buried it forever in that state.

CONGRESS AND THE STATE CAMPAIGN.

The 56th Congress convened last Monday. There is every prospect of a very long and rather stormy session of Congress. In addition to the regular legislation, there will be the many new and complicated question arising out of the Philippine situation, how to deal with Cuba, and other foreign territory. Every party will be sparring more or less for political advantage, and this will add to the volume of talk and campaign speeches.

One thing is certain; this session of Congress will be interesting from the jump. Every voter in the state will be interested in having a correct report. The Caucasian can promise its readers that no paper in the country will have a better and more accurate report of the real inside of what Congress is doing than will appear in our columns. Now is the time for every one to subscribe, not only to get congressional news but to keep up with the developments in this state, which are already beginning to be interesting. The most memorable campaign ever waged in North Carolina will soon be on in full force. Every voter in the state ought to read the Caucasian. Let every Populist bestir himself to get as many persons to read it as possible.

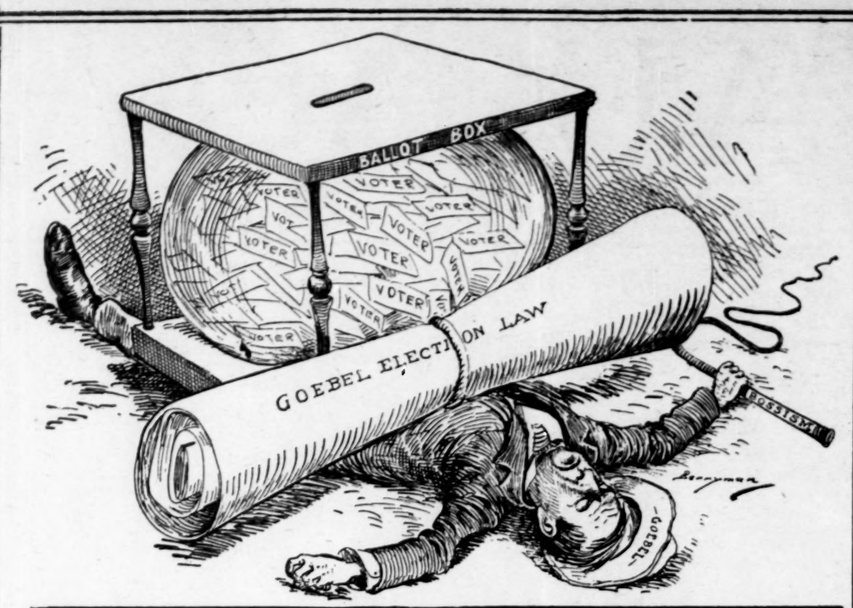
We feel the importance of getting the truth to the people this year so strongly that we have decided to offer the paper at cost when as many as ten persons will join in a club to send in their subscription at the same time. That is, we will furnish the paper to clubs of ten subscribers if all the names are sent in at once with the cash, for one year each, at $7 50. Remember, we cannot make any reduction on a single subscriber, but we will give ten yearly subscriptions for $7.50 or six yearly subscriptions for $5 00 Our friends in every part of the state can put ten thousand new subscribers on our mailing list within the next sixty days, and when we are offering the paper at cost surely every friend of the paper should bestir himself to get these subscriptions. Send for sample copies, subscription blanks and envelopes.

THE TRUE SIGNIFICANCE.

What does the Jones vote in Ohio mean, is the question that has been asked many times since the election on the 7th. Mr. Jones, who ran on the independent ticket for governor of Ohio, polled a vote aggregating more than one hundred thousand, an unprecedented vote for an independent ticket. And just how to place the hidden meaning of this vote in its relation to the national policy of the administration has caused the press of the old parties to grind out much in comment and explanation. Had this vote been given to McLean, say the Democrats, McKinley's own state would have gone against him; while the Republicans claim that Nash's victory is an endorsement of McKinley's war policy.

But the fact remains that this vote went neither to the Democrats nor to the Republicans, and it must seem clear, therefore that it has a significance apart from that which both Democrats and Republicans try to place upon it. It is reasonable to suppose that the men who voted for Mr. Jones did so because of their belief in the principles he represented. Mr. Jones made his race upon what is practically the People's Party platform, and the vote which he polled in a state like Ohio, is a most encouraging indication of the growth of reform principles. This is the true significance to be attached to the Jones vote in Ohio.

One of the Democratic Congressmen from this State was asked a few days ago what he thought of the action of the Georgia Legislature in defeating the proposed Constitutional Amendment which was a copy of the North Carolina Amendment. He replied that Georgia did not need it, and when asked why Georgia did not need it replied that in Georgia the Democrats controlled the Negro vote. This is simply another evidence of what we have long known. That no one loves the negro better than the Democratic politician when the negro votes the Democratic ticket.



The Charlotte Observer in a recent editorial, noting the many sub-alliances that have been recently organized in the state, expresses great alarm at the same and says that "the Alliance is doubtless being worked up to help Senator Butler fight the Constitutional Amendment," etc. The editorm of the Charlotte Observer is of course familiar with the declaration of principles of the Farmer's Alliance. He knows that the great cardinal principle of the organization is: Equal Rights to All and Special Privileges to None." He knows also that the crime and politics that has been more strongly denounced by the Alliance than any other is the crime of politicians making promises to the people in campaign and then breaking them as soon as they are elected. Knowing this, the editor of the Charlotte Observer is no doubt alarmed lest the honest Alliance men who believe in these principles and are governed by them, in their votes, will vote solidly against Simmons and his Machine We will admit that we think the editor of the Charlotte Observer has some cause for alarm.

The giving of free passes to politicians has recently increased to a large extent. The explanation of this is to be found in the action of the last Legislature, in abolishing the Railroad Commission Act of 1891 The Democratic organs proclaimed loudly to the people of the state that they were not abolishing the railroad commission act of 1891, but simply reenacting the same law with increased powers. But they forgot to reenact the clause prohibiting the giving of free passes; and Judge Simonton says they forgot to reenact the clause given the Commissioners power to assess railroad property, or else left it out intentionally.

MR. GILL ON THE AMENDMENT.

Gives His Reasons For Opposing it.

DEAR SIR:—I see that the News & Observer is trying to intimidate those of us who are opposed to the amendment, by threatening to impeach the Governor and Supreme Court Judges. If I were one of them I should want no greater honor than to be impeached for trying to protect the plain people. I do not believe this course will help the Democrats, it only shows their weakness. If they thought they had the votes, nothing of this kind would be resorted to.

This election cannot be carried by violence, the same game cannot be played twice. Our people were too confident before, thinking we were going to carry the election anyway. The constitutional amendment and election law was the bugal blast which has aroused all the laboring classes in the State. It is no use to allow negro, the average white man knows, that however much the Democrats may try to obscure it they are trying to destroy the liberties of all men who will not vote the Democratic ticket. These two laws are a declaration of war on every man in this State that is not a willing slave, and is not ready to bind himself in advance to vote the Democratic ticket regardless of consequences. They may put up their murderers and thieves for their highest offices as a reward, it will have no effect, we know if we lose this fight that our rights to have a say in what we shall receive for our labor will be forever gone, and that the white men who lose their votes under these laws will gradually sink to the plane occupied by the free negroes before the war, who had not the right to collect a debt for their wages, go in the jury box, or to be a witness, and in this county they were hit nine and thirty if they happened not to make the right kind of bow in the road by some white man. A white man that cannot vote will have to take his hand below the negro who can. The people in this State are very different from what they are in other states, we are jealous of our rights, and are suspicious of anything that looks like taking them away. We have always taken the lead against oppression, and we do not aim to break the record this time, we fought one war for slave owners (that saved their skins by substitutes, and twenty negro laws) in order that they might keep their slaves to compete with our labor, we also remember that a poor white man had no show here before the war, and we are not going to vote to put ourselves in a position that will be absolutely intolerable. The free schools have taught us too much for that.

Talk about disfranchising voters, I am opposed to it, but if it has to be done, the Democrats are starting at the wrong end, the wealth and intelligence has ruled this world since it began, and if it could be gotten in a worse shape than it is I would like to see how you would go about it, the wealth and intelligence so called with the great array of newspapers and literature are standing aghast at their work, each side cursing the other, and saying you did it and not I. We have passed enough laws in this country to give the people all the relief they need, but each law that is passed for the benefit of the laboring man, is destroyed by the wealth and intelligence so called. If blood has to be let, and is it necessary to disfranchise somebody, I throw out the suggestion that we start at the class that are worth over $15 000 or $20 000 and those that are educated in trust aided schools. Christ set this kind of example when Jerusalem was destroyed. In the New Testament we are told that when the deciples went out to preach the gospel to all nations that as they went from city to city, the Jewish leaders were always ready to get up a disturbance, but when the Lord was ready to put a stop to it, he gathered the leaders to Jerusalem to one of the great Jewish festivals, (poor folks were not able to go) and Josephus tells us that the Romans, God's instruments, destroyed between two and three millions of them, after this the church could advance, the same principal was involved in the French revolution, and the leaders had to be gotten rid of before the masses could do anything; in the beginning of the struggle the land all belonged to the King, church, and nobles, when it ended it all belonged to the people. It is best not to tread on the worm, he will turn and sting, he has the power. The masses wish to do right, if they make a mistake they are ready to right it, they want the right to live without having to become so poor that that the education of their children and the virtue of their daughters shall not be endangered by the schemes concocted by the corrupted wealth and intelligence of this country, "being instigated by the devil and with malice aforethought."

Returning to intimidation, I think it is getting time to stop it, it has gone far enough. We will have to stand by our leaders and protect them, if we do not how can they fight our battles for us? Under the last census there were 210 000 white voters in this State, there were 40, 000 white Republicans and 60,000 Populists, and if my county is a sample every one of them are against the amendment as well as many Dems. that being so, why should we ask the Democrats any odds? We can vote and count our votes if we organize. Ours is a negro county, and we can do it, and we are going to do it regardless of Buffaloe Daniel or anybody else, and any other county can do so if it will organize and fight if necessary If you will notice the Democrats kick up their devilment and kill our people where there are no Populists or white Republicans, now if this is not stopped our people will have to retaliate where they have they have the power, you let it be thoroughly understood this will be done, peace will reign. The Democrats will take care of their Wadells. We want no row, we know we have the votes, all we have to do is to count them, and I am in favor of doing this though the heavens fall.

D. H. GILL.

Henderson, N. C.

Officer Commits Suicide.

WASHINGTON, Dec., 2—The War Department has received the following from Gen. Otis at Manila, dated Dec 2:

"Lieutenant Colonel Brereton, Captain of the Twenty-fourth infantry, while temporarily insane, committed suicide at Santa Thomas, near San Fernando, Union Province, Luzon, at 6 o'clock this morning. Insanity first manifested November 29 th at Aringay."

AMENDMENT REPUDIATED IN GEORGIA.

House Votes Almost Unanimously Against Hardwick Bi.l.

THE LOUISANA SCHEME DENOUNCED IN SPEECHES.

BAD NEWS FOR SIMMONS.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL GRANDFATHER CLAUSE GOT AN AIRING.

THE VOTE IN THE HOUSE AGAINST THE BILL WAS 137 TO 3—GEORGIA DID NOT CARE TO RUN RISK OF DISFRANCHISING WHITE MEN.

ATLANTA, Nov. 28—The Hardwick bill providing for the submission of a constitutional amendment limiting suffrage based on the Louisiana and North Carolina amendments was defeated by an overwhelming majority in the House to-day. A number of speeches were made against the bill. It was antagonized on the grounds chiefly of the unconstitutionality of the lineal descendant clause, which was supposed to protect white illiterate voters from disfranchisement while leaving negro voters to undergo the educational test.

It was also urged that the proposed disfranchisement might limit the State's representation in Congress.

The vote by which the bill was defeated this afternoon was 137 to 3.

In addition to its regular departments, the Review of Review for December contains an illustrated review of the season's new books, devoting special attention to literature for the young.

Horse shoes in Japan are simply slogs of twisted straw, and during a journey many have to be carried to replenish those which are worn out.

"It is an Ill Wind That Blows Nobody Good."

That small ache or pain or weakness is the "ill wind" that directs your attention to the necessity of purifying your blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then your whole body receives good, for the purified blood goes tingling to every organ. It is the great remedy for all ages and both sexes.

Dyspepsia — *"Complicated with liver and kidney trouble, I suffered for years from dyspepsia, with severe pains. Hood's Sarsaparilla made me strong and hearty." F. B. Emerton, Auburn, Me.*

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A SMALL SPOT MAY BE CANCER.

MOST VIOLENT CASES HAVE APPEARED AT FIRST AS MERE PIMPLES.

The greatest care should be given to any little sore, pimple or scratch which shows no disposition to heal under ordinary treatment. No one can tell how soon these will develop into Cancer of the worst type. So many people die from Cancer simply because they do not know just what the disease is; they naturally turn themselves over to the doctors, and are forced to submit to a cruel and dangerous operation—the only treatment which the doctors know for Cancer. The disease promptly returns, however, and is even more violent and destructive than before. Cancer is a deadly poison in the blood, and an operation, plaster, or other external treatment can have no effect whatever upon it. The cure must come from within—the last vestige of poison must be eradicated.



Mr. Wm Walpole, of Walshtown, S. D., says: "A little blotch about the size of a pea came under my left eye gradually growing larger, from which shooting pains at intervals ran in all directions. I became greatly alarmed and consulted a good doctor, who pronounced it Cancer, and advised that it be cut out, but this I could not consent to. I read in my local paper of a cure effected by S. S. S., and decided to try it. It acted like a charm the Cancer becoming at first irritated, and then discharging very freely. This gradually grew less and then discontinued altogether, leaving a small scab which soon dropped off and now only a healthy little scar remains where what threatened to destroy my life once held full sway."

Positively the only cure for Cancer is Swift's Specific—

S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD

—because it is the only remedy which can go deep enough to reach the root of the disease and force it out of the system permanently. A surgical operation does not reach the blood—the real seat of the disease—because *the blood can not be cut away.* Insist upon S. S. S.; nothing can take its place.

S. S. S. cures also any case of Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Contagious Blood Poison, Ulcers, Sores, or any other form of blood disease. Valuable books on Cancer and Blood Diseases will be mailed free to any address by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

POU'S CAMPAIGN AFFIDAVIT.

ONE OF HIS METHODS OF FOOLING VOTERS IN THE LAST CAMPAIGN.

HE MAKES AFFIDAVIT THAT A PROPOSITION TO DISFRANCHISE NEGROES AND ILLITERATE WHITES WOULD NOT RECEIVE A SINGLE DEMOCRATIC VOTER IN THE LEGISLATURE AND DENOUNCES THOSE WHO MAKE THE CHARGE AS SPEAKING FALSELY AND TRYING TO FOOL THE PEOPLE.

From Caucasian Oct. 19.—

The following affidavit made by James H. Pou, ex-Chairman of the State Democratic Executive Committee, during the last campaign, will be interesting reading. Our readers will remember that whenever and wherever it was charged in the last campaign that if the Democratic machine under Simmons got control of the State, that they would offer a scheme to disfranchise illitterate votes, that the charge was indignantly denied and denounced by every Democratic speaker as being infamously false. Even Mr. Simmons, the Democratic State Chairman, issued an official statement to the voters of the State, branding every such charge as false in toto; saying that that campaign lie had been charged against the Democratic party before, and that the charge was now so old and so false that no one would believe it.

Mr. James H. Pou, the ex-Chairman of the State Democratic Committee, in his speeches made the same declaration. But it seems that in one of his speeches in Moore county, some members of his audidience expressed doubt of the truth of his indignant denial, and called upon him while upon the stand to know if he would make an affidavit to that effect. He publicly agreed to do so, we are informed. The result is the affidavit below, made at Raleigh, dated Oct. 14th, 1898. It will be noticed that Mr Pou, shrewd, slick and cunning as he is, attempted to word his affidavit so as not to say explicitly what he had said publicly on the stump, and yet at the same time, to say enough to make it appear that his affidavit had made good his campaign declaration, and fool the voters into accepting his statement and voting for the machine.

The following is a true copy of the affidavit:

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
County of Wake.

James H. Pou, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

"I have never said that, if the Democrats regained control of the State, they intended to disfranchise the negroes and illiterate white voters. I never have said anything like this, and I know that such is not the intention of the Democratic party. I have never heard a single Democrat give utterance to such a sentiment, and I do not believe, if such a proposition comes before the General Assembly, that it would receive a single Democratic vote. I believe that a majority of the uneducated white voters of North Carolina are Democrats. The Democratic party is appealing to them for aid in preserving white supremacy in the center west and in restoring it in the Eastern part of this State. They are responding to our appeal, and to repay them for their aid with a disfranchisement of their votes would be folly and ingrattiude indeed. The man who makes these charges know they speak falsely, but their campaign this year is run upon the idea that the people of North Carolina would rather believe a falsehood than the truth, and they would rather hear libels upon the honored dead than to hear arguments based upon truth."

[Signed] JAMES H. POU.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this October 1st 1898.

[Signed] GEO. W. THOMPSON,
Notary Public.

Notarial Seal,
Geo. W. Thompson,
Notary Public,
Raleigh, N. C.

Two five cent "documentary" revenue stamps attached.

SENATOR HARRIS ON THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

He Says the Democratic Party Must be More Than a Party of Negation if it Hopes to Secure the Co-operation of Populists.

Washington Post.

Senator Harris, of Kansas, who was seen at the Riggs yesterday, said: "If the Democratic party wants to gain the confidence and good will of the American people it must be something more than a party of negation. Masterly inactivity is no going to win the political battles of the future, and being simply in opposition to the Republicans isn't going to get electoral votes in the next campaign. It seems to me if the Democracy would seize upon the opportunities within their grasp they would have an excellent chance of regaining control of the country.

"First and foremost, let them address themselves to getting up the income tax law that would be held valid by the Supreme Court. Here is something definite, something worth fighting for, and in line with popular sentiment. Social and economic problems are the vital issues, and the party that ranges itself on the side of the common people will be the dominant political force in this country."

EVERY DAY AFFORDS NEW PROOFS of the peculiar effects of PAIN KILLER In cases where a disordered condition of the stomach liver and bowels is combined with great debility, nervous weakness, and intense melancholy, its effects are most beneficial and wonderful. It should be kept by every family. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. Price 25c. and 50.

"A MONSTROUS ABSURDITY."

Many Good Democrats Opposed to the "Grand-son of His Grand-father" Constitutional Amendment Clause.

The correspondent of the Charlotte Observer, writing to that paper from Fayetteville, under date of March 4th, says:

The Observer correctly gauges public sentiment in throwing out a word of warning against taking for granted the carrying at the ballot box of the suffrage constitutional amendment. It will require hard work from the rank and file and leaders of the party. There is certainly no cloud on the title of the Cape Fear Democracy to orthodoxy, but the writer is surprised at the number of leading Democrats whom he meets opposed to the amendment. The clause about the "grand son of his grandfather" is especially decried as a monstrous absurdity.

The suffrage amendment referred to above, which was adopted by the last Legislature, is as follows:

THE SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT.

Section 1. That Article VI of the Constitution of North Carolina be, and the same is hereby abrogated, and in lieu thereof shall be substituted the following Article of Said Constitution:

ARTICLE VI.

Suffrage and Eligibility to Office—Qualifications of an Elector.

[Section 1.] Every male person born in the United States, and every male person who has been naturalized, 21 years of age and possessing the qualifications set out in this Article shall be entitled to vote at any election by the people in the State, except as herein otherwise provided.

[Sec. 2.] He shall have resided in the State of North Carolina for two years, in the county six months and in the precinct, ward or other election district, in which he offers to vote four months next preceding the election: Provided, That removal from one precinct, ward or other election district to another in the same county, shall not operate to deprive any person of the right to vote in a precinct, ward or other election district from which he has removed until four months after such removal. No person who has been convicted, or who has confessed his guilt in open court upon indictment, of any crime, the punishment of which now is, or may thereafter be, imprisonment in the State prison, shall be permitted to vote unless the said person shall be first restored to citizenship in the manner prescribed by law.

[Sec. 3] Every person offering to vote shall be at the time a legally registered voter as herein prescribed and in the manner hereinafter provided by law, and the General Assembly of North Carolina shall enact general registration laws to carry into effect the provisions of this Article.

[Sec.] 4. Every person presenting himself for registration shall be able to read and write any section of the Constitution in the English language; and, before he shall be entitled to vote, he shall have paid, on or before the first day of March of the year in which he proposes to vote, his poll tax, as prescribed by law, for the previous year. Poll taxes shall be a lien only on assessed property, and no process shall issue to enforce the collection of the same except against assessed property.

[Sec. 5.] No male person, who was on January 1, 1867, or at any time prior thereto, entitled to vote under the laws of any State in the United States wherein he then resided, and no lineal descendant of any such person; shall be denied the right to register and vote at any election in this State by reason of his failure to possess the educational qualifications prescribed in section 4 of this Article: Provided, He shall have registered in accordance with the terms of this section prior to Dec. 1, 1908.

The General Assembly shall provide for a permanent record of all persons who register under this section on or before November 1, 1908, and all such persons shall be entitled to register and vote at all elections by the people in this State, unless disqualified under section 2 of this Article: Provided such persons shall have paid their poll tax as required by law.

[Sec. 6.] All elections by the people shall be by ballot, and all elections by the General Assembly shall be viva voce.

[Sec. 7.] Every voter in North Carolina, except as in this Art. disqualified, shall be eligible to office, but before entering upon the duties of the office he shall take and subscribe the following oath: "I,....., do solemnly swear or affirm, that I will support and maintain the constitution and laws of the U. S. and the constitution and laws of North Carolina, not inconsistent therewith, and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of my office as ..... So help me God."

[Sec. 8.] The following classes of persons shall be disqualified for office: First, all persons who shall deny the being of Almighty God. Second, all persons who shall have been convicted or confessed their guilt on indictment pending, and whether sentenced or not; or under judgment suspended, of any treason or felony, or any other crime for which the punishment may be imprisonment in the penitentiary, since becoming citizens of the United States, or of corruption and malpractice in office unless such person shall be restored to the rights of citizenship in a manner prescribed by law

Section 2. That all of the provisions of the Constitution relating to suffrage, registration and elections, as contained in this act, amending the Constitution, shall go into effect on the first day of July, 1902, if a majority of the qualified voters of the State so declare at the next general election.

Sec. 3. This amendment shall be submitted at the next general election to the qualified voters of the State in the same manner and under the same rules and regulations as is provided in the law regulating general elections in this State, and in force May 1st, 1899 and at said election those persons desiring to vote for such amendment shall cast a written or printed ballot with the words "For Suffrage Amendment" thereon; and those with a contrary opinion shall cast a written or printed ballot with the word "Against Suffrage Amendmen thereon.

Sec. 4. The said election shall held, and the votes returned, compared, counted and canvassed, and the result announced, under the same rules and regulations as are in force for returning, comparing, counting and canvassing the votes for members of the General Assembly, May 1st, 1899, and if a majority of the votes cast are in favor of the said amendment, it shall be the duty of the Governor of the State to certify said amendment, under the seal of the State, to the Secretary of State, who shall enroll the said amendment so certified among the permanent records of his office.

Sec. 5. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Ratified 21st day of February A. D., 1899.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cts per bottle.

The Coming Age.

The December Coming Age is a capital number. The issue closes the first year of this magazine which sprang into instant public favor and which has steadily improved since its initial number. The present number is very rich in timely and thoughtful papers and is handsomely illustrated. Among the leading subjects treated are, "Puritanism and Play Houses of Boston," by the Rev J. Henry Wiggin; "American Art," by J. J. Enneking; "The Life and Work of F Edwin Elwell, Sculptor," illustrated by B.O. Flower; "The Social Situation in Canada," by Rev. Charles Aubrey Eaton; "Utopia," by Prof. A. E. Dolbear, of Tufts College: "The Republic of Man," by Prof. Nathaniel Schmidt, of Cornell University: "Is our Universe Primarily Spiritual?" by D. E. M. Babbitt, LL. D.: The Poems of Emerson, by Mr. Chas. Malloy: several excellent Christmas poems and an original and striking story by Mrs. C. K. Reifsnider. The publisher's announcements for 1900 are exceedingly attractive.

STORY OF A SLAVE.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich. tells how such a slave was made free. He says: 'My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold all Druggis's.

Dr. Nixon Killed By a Train.

WILMINGTON N. C., Dec. 2.—The body of Dr. T. F. Nixon, resident physician at the State farm Castle Hayne, nine miles from Wilmington, was found today beside the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad track, two miles from his home. The entire top of his head was knocked off and his brains scattered along the track for some distance. It is presumed that he was struck by the northbound last night, while on his way home from Wilmington. (Dr. Nixon was brought to Raleigh Sunday afternoon and interred in the city cemetery.)

WANTED—SEVERAL PERSONS for District Office Managers in this state to represent me in their own and surrounding counties. Willing to pay yearly $600, payable weekly. Desirable employment with unusual opportunities. References exchanged. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. S. A. Park, 320 Caxton Building, Chicago. dec 7—3t

OPIUM and Whiskey habits cured at home without pain Book of particulars sent FREE. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY CO. Atlanta, Ga. Office, 164 North Pryor St

DROPSY CURED with vegetable Remedies. Have cured many thousand cases called hopeless in ten days at least two-thirds of all symptoms removed. Testimonials and TEN DAYS treatment free. DR. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

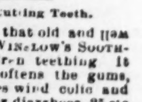
Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble: too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.



What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N.C., Dec 7, 1899

Seaboard Doubles Section Force.

Morning Post.

That the Seaboard is expecting to put on its through trains in the near future is evidenced by a general order issued yesterday, doubling the section force on the Raleigh & Augusta Air Line.

Heretofore the section force has included four men to a given territory, now this force has been increased to eight men.

The order is made for the purpose of getting the track in the best of condition before the new trains are put in operation.

Our Supreme Court and its Defamers.

The Biblical Recorder says:

"There has been an effort to create a sensation about the decisions of the Supreme Court of North Carolina in the case of Abbott against Beddingfield for the office of Railroad Commissioner, and other similar cases. The Court has decided, following the Hoke-Henderson precedent, against the appointee of the last legislature in every instance. The decision may be wrong, but it is supported by the weight of half a century of opinion in our Supreme Court; all parties have profited by it; and, therefore, it is not becoming to charge the present judges with partisanship, the evidence against them being no strong er than that against their predecessors. A dissenting opinion would be more open to such criticism, but it is not becoming to make even this."

The Recorder might have added that when the present Supreme Court, basing its action on the Hoke vs. Henderson decision, two years ago decided a number of office contest cases against the appointees of the legislature of 1897, the decision were applauded by the very same partisan papers that are now abusing the Supreme Court because it respects the Hoke Henderson principle. The State would indeed have just cause for shame if its Supreme Court followed the example of these narrow partisans and sustained Hoke Henderson when it suited a certain party and rejected it when it became objectionable to that party. Perhaps a score of newspapers that praised the Supreme Court for adopting the Hoke vs. Henderson principle in 1897 have accused the Supreme Court Judges of being influenced by partisan and unworthy motives because they sustain the same principle this year when it injures the fortunes of another political party. We do not think we have ever seen a more pitiable exhibition of partisan littleness.

And some are actually questioning the right of the Supreme Court to declare an act of the legislature unconstitutional. According to their reasoning, the legislature should be allowed to ignore the Constitution altogether. For instance, should a legislature decide to disfranchise all who posses less than $300 worth of property, no one should question the constitutionality of the measure. The writer is not a lawyer, but if law is found on sound reason, we think such doctrines too absurd for further consideration.—The Progressive Farmer.]

"He plays well that wins." Hood's Sarsaparilla wins the victory over disease because it possesses genuine curative power.

VACANCIES IN THE A. & M. COLLEGE.

Entrance Examinations to be Held in the County Court-house at Raleigh, Dec. 16 h, 1899.

Young men desiring to enter the A. & M. College at Raleigh may be examined Saturday, December 16, 1899, at the county court-house of this county, at 10 o'clock a. m., by the County Superintend't of Schools. The subjects of examination are arithmetic (complete), Algebra (to fractions), English Grammar and American History.

There will probably be about 25 vacancies in the College, and young men will be selected to fill these vacancies who pass the best examinations, have the best endorsements as to character. This is a rare opportunity for worthy boys to fit themselves for success in life by means of a practical education. Those desiring to be admitted would do well to write to President Winston, Raleigh, N. C.

Square Bale Better Than Round Bale.

Charlotte Observer.]

The Montgomery, Ala., Advertiser publishes a statement, subscribed and sworn to before a notary public, by a farmer of Montgomery county, to the effect that on the 15th inst. he marketed at the same place one squre bale and two round bales of cotton of 1,500 pounds of seed cotton each, and that the difference was 38 cents in favor of the square bale. The general testimony seems to be against the innovation in cotton packing. We have heard through private sources that one of the round bale packing plants was on exhibition and in operation at the recent fair in Atlanta, and that the result of its operations met with small favor.

A QUICK CURE FOR COUGHS and COLDS

Pyny-Pectoral

The Canadian Remedy for all

Throat and Lung Affections.

Large Bottles, 25 cents.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited, Prop's Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.

New York. Montreal.

BLACKBURN ADMITS DEFEAT.

Taylor and the Entire Republican Ticket in Kentucky Elected.

FRANKFORT, Ky, Dec. 2.—Ex Senator Blackburn, chairman of the Democratic State campaign committee, last night, for the first time, admitted that Taylor, the Republican nominee for governor, and the remainder of the Republican ticket, had been elected, and would receive certificates of election from the State board of election commissioners. The statement was made to Offutt, a prominent Democrat of Midway, Ky., who asked Blackburn how the election was going to result. To this Blackburn replied:

"Why, Taylor has been elected beyond all doubt, and certificates of election will be issued to the men on the Republican State ticket. I do not see how there can be any other result."

SUFFERED TWENTY-FIVE YEARS.

Cured Permanently by the American Catarrh Remedy, Pe-ru-na.



MR. AND MRS. J. O. ATKINSON, INDEPENDENCE, MO.

Mr. John O. Atkinson, Independence, Mo., in a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, says: "My wife had been suffering from a complication of diseases for 25 years.

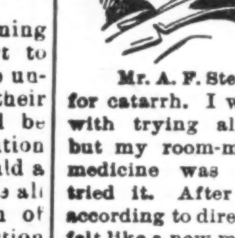
"Her case had baffled the skill of some of the most noted physicians. One of her worst troubles was chronic constipation of several years' standing. She also suffered with general debility and paroxysms—sometimes as often as six or eight times a day. At this time she was passing through that most critical period in the life of woman—change of life.

"In June, 1895, I wrote to you about her case. You advised a course of Pe-ru-na and Man-a-lin, which we at once commenced, and have to say it has completely cured her. She firmly believes that she would have been dead only for these wonderful remedies.

"About the same time I wrote you about my own case of catarrh, which was of 25 years' standing, and at times I was almost past going. I commenced using Pe-ru-na according to your instructions, and continued its use for about a year, and it has completely cured me.

"I have to say that your remedies do all you claim for them, and even more. Catarrh cannot exist where Pe-ru-na is taken according to directions. Man-a-lin is a most wonderful medicine for chronic constipation."

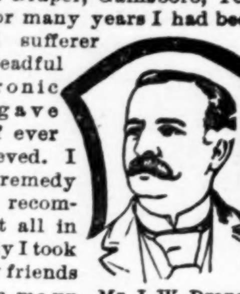
Mr. A. F. Stern, Marine City, Mich., writes: "I was troubled with catarrh for three years, and tried almost every catarrh medicine I heard of. I went down to Delaware, O., to attend college, where I got one of your Almanacs, and saw another remedy for catarrh. I was almost discouraged with trying all kinds of medicine, but my room-mate told me that your medicine was all right, and so I tried it. After taking seven bottles according to directions, I was cured and felt like a new man. I recommend it to all who are suffering with this dreadful disease. It is the best medicine for catarrh. I owe my health to you."



Mr. A. F. Stern.

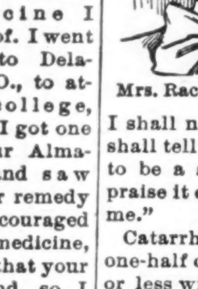
Mrs. J. A. Bashor, Knoxville, Tenn., writes: "My health was completely broken down and had been for almost a year. I could not rest day or night, but suffered constantly untold misery. Tried remedy after remedy, but found no relief until Pe-ru-na was recommended to me by a friend. I have taken one and a half bottles and am today well and hearty. I shall always praise Pe-ru-na, for I feel it saved my life."

Mr. J. W. Draper, Gainsboro, Tenn., writes: "For many years I had been a continual sufferer from that dreadful disease, chronic catarrh. I gave up hopes of ever being relieved. I tried every remedy my friends recommended, but all in vain. Finally I took my bed. My friends had all given me up to die, believing me to be in the last stages of consumption. Having a bottle of Pe-ru-na in the room, I began to take it, and in a few days felt so well that I got up. I continued it, improving all the time, until I am now almost a sound man. Can do as hard a day's work as almost any man. This happened four years ago."



Mr. J. W. Draper.

Mrs. Rachel A. Magaw, 67 West Jefferson street, Springfield, O., writes: "Your Pe-ru-na is worth its weight in gold. I feel like a new woman. I can't praise it enough. I spent a great deal of money on doctors, but nothing ever did me any good until I sent to you and tried your Pe-ru-na. I now feel well of the catarrh, but I shall never be without Pe-ru-na, and shall tell all I see to try it, for I know it to be a sure cure for catarrh. I can't praise it enough for what it has done for me."



Mrs. Rachel A. Magaw.

Catarrh is an American disease. Fully one-half of the people are afflicted more or less with it in some form. Previous to the discovery of Pe-ru-na, catarrh was considered well-nigh incurable. Since the introduction of Pe-ru-na to the medical profession thousands of cases are cured annually.

By aid of Dr. Hartman's free books and free correspondence a multitude of hopeless people are permanently cured of this most loathsome and stubborn disease every year. Anyone afflicted with catarrh should write Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O. Ask for free books or free advice, whichever you most need.

Taylor Men on the Watch.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Dec. 2.—The first delegation of Taylor men who who are ex-eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, of Election Commissioners, arrived here to-day. There were about sixty of them.

They say they simply desire to see that Taylor is not 'robbed of his rights." All of them, however, seemed to have determined in advance just what "Taylor's rights" are, and anything short of their estimate is likely to be resented. There has been no influx of Democrats as yet, and the arrival of any number of them is not expected until Sunday night or Monday morning when the count will begin.

"A HEART AS STURDY AS AN OAK."

But what about the blood which the heart must pump at the rate of 70 times a minute? If the heart is to be sturdy and the nerves strong this blood must be rich and pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes sturdy hearts because it makes good blood. It gives to men and women strength, confidence courage and endurance.

HOOD'S PILLS are non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Englishmen Will Honor Washington.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 2.—Judge R. T. W. Duke, of Charlottesville, grand master of Masons of Virginia, has received from the Prince of Wales a photograph of His Royal Highness, with autograph, in recognition of Judge Duke's invitation to the Prince to take part in the ceremonies at Mount Vernon on the one hundredth anniversary of Washingtons's death.

The Earl of Londesborough, Past Grand Senior Warden, of England, and the officers of Constitutional Lodge No. 294 of Veverly, East Yorkshire, have sent a wreath of oak and evergreen from Londesborough Park to be placed on Washington's tomb on the occasion, and Canon Richard Weeton, of York, who is chaplain to the Earl of Londesborough, has sent some verses to be read during the ceremonies.

BISMARK'S IRON NERVE

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. Kings New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at all drug stores.

The cut in this weeks issue showing what the people of Kentucky thought of Goebel and his election law is used by the courtesy of the Washington Post.

IT SAVED HIS LEG.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intensely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in ten days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles its the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by all druggist.

General Orders, No. 2.

Headquarters First Regiment, N. C. S. G.

STATESVILLE, N. C., Nov. 27, 1899.

The battalions of the First Regiment N. C. S. G., are constituted and the Majors assigned as follows:

First Battalion—Major George E. Butler, Clinton.

Company B.—Goldsboro; Captain T. H. Bain.
" C.—Winston; Captain J. C. Bessent.
" D.—Reidsville; Captain A. J. Ellington.
" I—Durham; Captain T. B. Christian.

Second Battalion—Major Thos. R. Robertson, Charlotte.

Company A.—Charlotte; Captain J. R. Anderson.
" G.—Shelby; Captain J. T. Gardner.
" L—Concord; Captain E. T. Goldston.
" M.—Charlotte; Captain W. A. Irwin.

Third battalion.—Major Robert L Flanigan, Statesville.

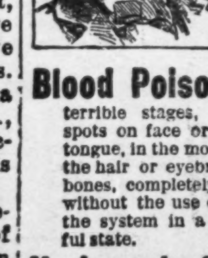
Company E.—Statesville; Captain J. F. Carlton.
" F.—Asheville; Captain H. C. Chedister.
" H.—Waynesville, Captain Thomas Stringfield.

By order of
J. F. ARMFIELD,
Colonel Commanding.

R. L. LEINSTER,
F'st Lieut., and Act'g. Adjut

HOOD'S PILLS

Rouse the torpid liver, and cure biliousness, sick headache, jaundice, nausea, indigestion, etc. They are invaluable to prevent a cold or break up a fever. Mild, gentle, certain, they are worthy your confidence. Purely vegetable, they can be taken by children or delicate women. Price, 25c. at all medicine dealers or by mail of C. I. HOOD & Co., Lowell, Mass.



HELP FOR YOU

For honest treatment and a speedy cure write or go to Dr. J. Newton Hathaway whose great reputation is a sufficient guarantee of satisfactory results. Consultation at office or by mail Free.

Blood Poison Contracted or Hereditary Syphilis in all its terrible stages, producing copper-colored spots on face or body, little ulcers on the tongue, in the mouth or throat, falling out of the hair or eyebrows, decay of the flesh or bones, completely and forever eradicated without the use of injurious drugs, leaving the system in a pure, strong and healthful state.

Varicocele or enlarged veins, which lead to a complete loss of sexual power; also Hydrocele, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture and all Private and Venereal Diseases and Weaknesses of men quickly cured.

Kidney and Urinary Weak Back, Painful, Difficult, Too Frequent, Bloody or Milky Urine; all functional diseases of the Heart, Lungs, Liver and Stomach; also Catarrh, Rupture, Rheumatism, Piles, Fistula and all Blood and Skin Diseases and all Female Diseases treated according to the latest and best methods known to medical science.

Home Treatment By correspondence always successful. Write for free book just published and Symptom blank if you cannot call.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.
Dr. Hathaway & Co.,
22½ D South Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

CYCLE SUNDRIES.

This announcement is addressed to all merchants reading this paper who sell cycle sundries. If you are in this category you want goods that will sell quickly and afford satisfactory profit.

We carry the largest and best assorted stock of cycle sundries on the market. Our past wide experience and greatly increased facilities enable us to quote prices which will mean profit making to you. We invite correspondence and a request will bring our traveling representative to you with a full line of samples and net prices. Our handsome Sundry Catalogue of over 50 pages, profusely illustrated, is in process of preparation. A postal card mentioning this paper will place your name upon our mailing list for a copy when completed.

CAPITOL BRAND SUNDRIES

Comprise a list of attractive specialties which we control. Each article is a leader in its respective line and possesses merit which makes it a quick and easy seller. We can quote prices which will insure a satisfactory and safe margin of profit. We are constantly adding to this line and will be pleased to submit you the current list from time to time, quoting net prices,

HOLIDAY TRADE.

Cycle Sundries make most acceptable Christmas presents. Do not let Santa Claus find you without a full stock on hand. Place your orders where you know you can get goods promptly. We can fill orders on almost anything in the sundry line within 24 hours after receipt. Place your order with us at once, and then advertise that you have a full stock of the Capitol Brand Sundries on hand, and you will get your share of the Christmas trade.

Pope Manufacturing Co.,

DIVISION OF AMERICAN BICYCLE CO., HARTFORD, CONN.

THE NEW BULL-PEN ELECTION LAW

Its Provisions as Interpreted by a Leading Democratic Paper.

The recent Legislature repealed the non-partisan election laws of 1895 and 1897, which guaranteed to every party the right to be represented on election boards by election officers of their own choosing, and enacted an election law more vicious than infamous Simmons Bull-Pen Election law that was in force before 1895.

The leading provisions of this law as published by the Raleigh News & Observer are as follows:

1. That the election for State and county officers shall be held on the first Thursday in August and every two years thereafter.

2. That there shall be a State board of elections composed of five persons elected by the Legislature for a term of two years.

3. That there shall be a county board of elections consisting of three persons, appointed by State board for a term of two years.

4. That the State Board of elections shall meet in Raleigh the first Monday in May, 1899, and organize by electing one of their number chairman and another secretary. Another meeting shall be held on the first Monday in April in each election year. Special meetings may be called when necessary. For their services the board shall receive four dollars appoint all registrars and judges of elections. Members of the county boards may be removed by the State board; and the county board in turn may remove any registrar or judge of election.

6. That county boards must meet not later than the first Monday in May for organization, and for dividing the counties into precincts and polling places.

7. That before the next general election there shall be an entirely new registration. Among questions to be asked applicant is "whether he has listed his poll for taxation for the current year in which he applies for registration, and for the year next preceding. And if any applicant shall falsely swear he has listed his poll for taxation, he shall be guilty of perjury and and punished as prescribed by law."

8. That the registration books shall be kept open twenty days and closed on the second Saturday before the election. On each Saturday during the period the registrar shall go to the polling place to register voters. On such days the books shall be open for inspection by the voters of the precinct. There shall be no no registering on election day, but voters may be challenged.

9. That on or before the first Monday in July the county board shall appoint two judges of election for each precinct.

10. That to prevent disorder as many as three special officers may be appointed by the registrars and judge of election.

11. That there shall be one ballot for all State officers, one for judges of different courts, one for members of General Assembly, one for county officers, and one for township officers. That all ballots for each of these classes of officers shall be the same size, on white paper and without device. The size of the ballot must be prescribed by the State board of elections. Tickets in the wrong box shall not be counted.

12. That the members of the several boards of election shall constitute the board of county canvassers, which shall meet at the court house second day after the election, canvass the returns, and declare the result at the court house door.

PREVENTED A TRAGEDY.

Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio prevented a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of Pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and $1 00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at all Drug Stores.

THE SICK MADE WELL.

Have you any pain, or ache, or weakness? Does your blood show that it contains impurities? Are you nervous? Do you lack snap and activity of mind and body? Are you easily tired? Have you lost ambition? Is there any unnatural drain upon the system? Is every organ performing its proper function. In other words: Are you a perfect strong, active, vigorous, healty, happy man or woman? If not, you should not delay one day before you consult J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, 22½ D South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

It rests with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket-book. 400,000 boxes sold, 400,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with will patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

STOP CHEWING!

Elkin Woolen Mills.



YOU CAN GET BOYS YOUTHS AND MEN'S PANTS MADE TO MEASURE FOR LITTLE MORE THAN COST OF THE GOODS

COMPANY PAYS FREIGHT ON WOOL AND WILL GIVE YOU PROMPT RETURNS.

If you want to exchange your wool or have it manufactured into the best Blankets, Cassimers, Jeans, Linseys, Flannels and yarns to be had in America. If you want the best made and most comfortable fitting pants you ever wore; if you want to trade with the cleverest men you ever had any dealings with, try the ELKIN WOOLEN MILLS and you will never regret it. They have one of the largest mills in the South. They ship their goods to nearly every State in the Union, and the quality of their work is unexcelled.

Write them for their handsome new catalogue, and do not dispose of your wool until you see it. Address,

CHATHAM MFG. CO., Proprietors, ELKIN, N.C.

25c. SAMPLE BOTTLE 10c. FOR NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

5 DROPS [TRADE MARK.]

The World's Greatest Robber

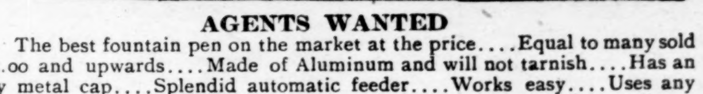
But All for the Good of Suffering Humanity, for It Robs Them of Diseases.

RHEUMATISM, HAY FEVER, ETC.

By the never failing merit and efficacy of "5 DROPS," many diseases have been robbed of their terror, and the grave of many of its victims. Through the prompt and decisive action of "5 DROPS," thousands have been snatched from the jaws of death and restored to health, happiness and friends. Many a person has been told by the attending physician that they were beyond the reach of medical science. Yet today, they live and are a walking advertisement for this remedy, and are likely to reach a ripe old age. This may sound a little skeptical to some, yet it is true, most positively true. We make no exaggerated statements in behalf of this remedy; we hold out no false promises to the sick and afflicted. But we say to all of them, it does not matter how many doctors have treated you, how many remedies you have tried, how long you have suffered, if you have any of the following diseases, you can positively be cured by the use of "5 DROPS," for it never fails: RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, BACKACHE, ASTHMA, HAY-FEVER, CATARRH, TOOTHACHE, NERVOUSNESS, SLEEPLESSNESS, NERVOUS and NEURALGIC HEADACHES HEART WEAKNESS, EARACHE, CROUPE, MALARIA, DROPSY, CREEPING NUMBNESS, BRONCHITIS, LA GRIPPE, and kindred diseases. So proof positive are we of the effectiveness and highly curative properties of "5 DROPS," backed up by the many thousands of testimonials received from grateful persons from every part of the country, that we are fully warranted in saying "5 DROPS" is daily curing more people than all the remedies on the market combined, and in cases of Rheumatism, it is curing more than all the doctors combined for they cannot cure chronic Rheumatism. "5 DROPS" can and does cure it, regardless of how severe, or how long standing. "5 DROPS" is not alone the best remedy on earth, but is also the cheapest, for a dollar bottle contains 300 doses. Price per bottle, $1.00, prepaid by mail or express, or six bottles for $5.00. Sample bottles, 25c., but for the next thirty (30) days will send sample bottle for 10c. 5 Drops is the name and the dose. Agents wanted.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY, 160-164 E. Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

McWhorter's Fountain Pen....25 Cents



AGENTS WANTED

The best fountain pen on the market at the price....Equal to many sold at $1.00 and upwards....Made of Aluminum and will not tarnish....Has an ebony metal cap....Splendid automatic feeder....Works easy....Uses any ordinary black writing ink....Holds enough to write twenty-five ordinary letters....Does not soil the hands and is so simple in construction as to be almost impossible to get out of order....Just the thing for Ministers, Professional Men, Students and School Children in the advanced grades....Sells on sight, 100 per cent. profit....Send 25c. for sample and secure an agency.

52 State St. GOOD TEMPLAR PUBLISHING CO. CHICAGO

TICKETS GOOD FOR THIRTY DAYS.

A Cheap Excursion Trip to Washington, Baltimore or Philadelphia, by the Seaboard Air Line.

You can buy of any Seaboard Air Line Agent tickets to the Philadelphia Export Exposition at the rate of one and one-third fares for the round trip.

You can stop over at Washington or Baltimore, going or coming.

Your ticket will be good for thirty (30) days from date of purchase, only it must be used on or before December 2.

You can go by Norfolk and connecting steamship lines, or all rail.

Millions of dollars have been spent on this mammoth Industrial Exposition, an education in itself.

Tickets on sale Tuesday and Thursday of each week and including Tuesday, November 23d, 1899. se20 10t

BOTH FOR ONE PRICE.

The question of government ownership of railroads is growing in public favor and the people want honest information on the subject. THE CAUCASIAN has secured for its readers a large supply of the "Railroad Question" This reliable work by ex-Governor Larrabee can be had for a short time—until the present supply is exhausted—with THE CAUCASIAN as a free gift with the book. The price of "The Railroad Question" is $1.50 in cloth binding, but we will send both THE CAUCASIAN and "The Railroad Question" for the price of the book alone—$1 50.

(This offer is good for old or new subscribers or for those whose time is in arrears.)

Send quick before the supply is exhausted and the offer is withdrawn. Address this office.

WANTED—SEVERAL PERSONS for district Office Managers in this State to represent me in their own and surrounding counties. Willing to pay yearly $600, payable weekly. Desirable employment with unusual opportunities. References exchanged. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. S. A. Park, 320 Caxton Building, Chicago. dec 7-3t.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

DON'T SUFFER, THE ELECTROPOISE

Cures all diseases without the use of medicine. A pure Oxygen treatment, by absorption. It cures where everything else fails. It is needed in every family, for it will relieve every weakness or ailment, to the most persistent chronic disease, and without the use of a grain of medicine. Thousands of people all over the United States, from private citizens to Lawyers, Doctors, Preachers, Supreme Judges, Editors, etc., even Crown Heads of Europe have given written testimonials of these facts. Book of testimonials, and matter of great interest with price of instruments sent free. Every family should have an Electropoise; it saves money, induces health. Send your address at once and see what people say who have thoroughly tested its merits. Agents wanted. THE ELECTROPOISE CO. 513 4th St. Louisville, Ky.

GOOD WATCHES ABSOLUTELY FREE.

We want your name for PASTIME, a bright, clean, illustrated story and humorous paper for the family circle, 16 large pages, only 75c a year; on trial 4 months, 10c. We give a nickle-silver watch, guaranteed for one year. Will keep time for many years as accurately as $100 watch. And we give Gold Watches, Bicycles, etc. Sample and particulars free. Send us your address to-day if you do no more. We will surprise you. Better enclose 5 stamps for trial subscription or 43-stamps for watch and paper and postage &c. while the watches are going free. The PASTIME Pub. Co., Louisville

WANTED—SEVERAL BRIGHT AND honest persons to represent us as Managers in this and close by counties. Salary $900 a year and expenses. Straight, bona-fide, no more, no less salary. Position permanent. Our references, any bank in any town. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. THE DOMINION COMPANY department 3 Chicago. 8t

$40 TO $100 00 A MONTH FOR BRIGHT hustler for special position. Good chance for advancement; no capital or experience required. K & K. Manufacturing Co., 58 N. 6th St., Philadelphia, Pa. Oct. 12—4t

$1.00 A YEAR FOR DEMOREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE.

The subscription price of Demorest's is reduced to $1.00 a year.



DEMOREST'S FAMILY MAGAZINE is more than a FASHION MAGAZINE, although it gives the very latest home and foreign fashions each month; this is only one of its many valuable features. It has something for each member of the family, for every department of the household, and its varied contents are of the highest grade, making it preeminently THE FAMILY MAGAZINE OF THE WORLD. It furnishes the best thoughts of the most interesting and most progressive writers of the day, and is abreast of the times in everything—Art, Literature, Science, Society Affairs, Fiction, Household Matters, Sports, etc.—a single number frequently containing from 200 to 300 fine engravings, making it the MOST COMPLETE AND MOST PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED of the GREAT MONTHLIES.

DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE Fashion Department is in every way far ahead of that contained in any other publication.

Subscribers are entitled each month to patterns of the latest fashions in women's attire AT NO COST TO THEM other than that necessary for postage and wrapping.

NO BETTER CHRISTMAS GIFT than a year's subscription to DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE can be made. By subscribing AT ONCE you can get the magazine at the reduced price, and will also receive the handsome 25-cent X-mas Number with its beautiful panel picture supplement.

Remit $1.00 by money order, registered letter or check.

Great Special Clubbing Offer for Prompt Subscriptions.

ONLY $1.75 FOR THE CAUCASIAN and Demorest's Family Magazine.

Send your subscriptions is to the office

Attention!

The 1899 SOUDAN Bicycles.

A Most Attractive Wheel.

NEW FEATURES
3 inch drop to hanger,
Flat cranks 2 pieces
Sprocket,
Ball retainers,
Felt washers,
Thumb screw adjuster.
H & A perfect fit chain.
Tool steel cones.

THEY
Stand comparison.
Are attractive.
Are easy running,
Are durable
Are high grade,
Are elegantly finished.

Wonderful value $50. We want an agent in every city or county.

THE SOUDAN MFG CO.,
488 Carroll Ave.,
CHICAGO ILL.

CHOICE Vegetables will always find a ready market—but only that farmer can raise them who has studied the great secret how to obtain both quality and quantity by the judicious use of well-balanced fertilizers. No fertilizer for Vegetables can produce a large yield unless it contains at least 8% Potash. Send for our books, which furnish full information. We send them free of charge.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

A. & N. C. RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE 10.

To take effect Sunday Oct. 22, 1899, at 7.05 A. M. at Morehead City.

Supersedes Time Table 9, of August 8, 1899 and all supplements thereto.

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS	5 Mx'd Fr't and Pass. Mon Wed and Fri. A. M.	3 Passenger Daily P. M.
W Lv	Goldsboro*	7 10	3 40
	Bests	s 7 43	4 00
W	LaGrange*	s 8 06	s 4 09
	Falling Creek	s 8 26	s 4 20
W	Kinston*	s 9 14	s 4 34
	Caswell	f 9 25	f 4 46
Ar Lv	Dover*	s 10 15	s 4 55
W	Core Creek	s 10 40	s 5 07
	Tuscarora	s 11 15	s 5 19
	Clark's	f 11 31	f 5 28
W Ar Lv	Newbern*	s 12 05	s 5 40 5 50
	Riverdale		f 6 15
	Croatan		f 6 18
	Havelock		s 6 30
W	Newport*		s 6 43
	Wildwood		f 6 49
	Atlantic		f 6 54
Ar Lv	Morehead City*	s	s 7 12 7 17
	Atlantic Hotel	....	....
W Ar	M. City Depot*		7 15
		A. M.	A. M.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS	4 Passenger daily. A. M.	8 M'x Fr't & Pass. Tues Th's and Sat. P. M.
Ar	Goldsboro*	11 05	2 53
	Bests	s 10 43	s 2 13
W	LaGrange*	s 10 32	s 1 43
	Falling Creek	s 10 22	s 1 14
W	Kinston*	s 10 12	s 12 54
	Caswell	f 9 50	f 11 58
Lv Ar	Dover*	s 9 42	s 11 40
W	Core Creek	s 9 30	s 10 40
	Tuscarora	f 9 20	f 10 18
	Clark's	f 9 12	f 10 10
Lv Ar	Newbern*	s 9 10 8 37	s 9 40
	Riverdale	f 8 12	
	Croatan	f 8 09	
	Havelock	s 8 00	
W	Newport*	s 7 46	
	Wildwood	f 7 39	
	Atlantic	f 7 35	
Lv Ar	Morehead City*	s 7 27 7 22	
	Atlantic Hotel	....	....
Lv	M. City Depot	7 05	
		A. M.	A. M.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on Signal. *—Telegraph station. s—Regular stop.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. AND BRANCHES, AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Aug. 1st, 1897.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 25 Daily.		No. 41 Daily.	No. 49 Daily.
	a. m.	p. m.		a. m.	m.
Lv Weldon	11 50	9 43			
Ar Rocky Mount	12 52	10 35			
Lv Tarboro	12 12				
Lv Rocky Mount	12 52	10 35		5 45	12 45
Lv Wilson	2 06	11 16		6 20	2 12
Lv Selma	3 00				
Lv Fayetteville	4 40	1 14			
Ar Florence	7 35	3 25			
	P. M.	A. M.			
Lv Goldsboro				7 01	3 10
Lv Magnolia				8 06	4 16
Ar Wilmington				9 30	5 45
				A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78 Daily.		No. 32 Daily.	No. 40 Daily.	No. 48 Daily.
	a. m.		p. m.		
Lv Florence	8 45		8 15		
Lv Fayetteville	11 20		10 20		
Lv Selma	1 00				
Ar Wilson	1 42		12 10		
				P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington				7 15	9 35
Lv Magnolia				8 55	10 5
Lv Goldsboro				10 10	11 5
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	1 42		12 15	11 20	12 47
Ar Rocky Mount	2 33		12 53	11 57	1 20
Lv Tarboro	12 12				
Lv Rocky Mount	2 33		12 53		
Ar Weldon	3 39		1 44		
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 4:10 p. m., Halifax 4:28 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8.52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 1:00 p. m., arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 2:40 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m., daily.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:05 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6 p. m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 7:10 a. m., arriving Smithfield 8:30 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 4:30 p. m., arrive Nashville 5:05 p. m., Spring Hope 5:30 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope 8:00 a. m., Nashville 8:35 a. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 9:05 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:15 a. m., and 4:10 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 a. m. and 3:00 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina R. R. for Norfolk and all points North via Norfolk.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agt.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Man.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

It rests with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket-book. 400,000 boxes sold, 400,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

STOP SMOKING!

SEABOARD AIR LINE (S.A.L.) VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS NORTH, SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 5TH, 1899.

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 403.	No. 41.
Lv New York, Penn. R. R	*11 00am	*9 00pm
Lv Washington P. R. R.	5 00pm	4 30am
Lv Richmond, A. C. L.	9 00am	9 05am
Lv Portsmouth S. A. L	*8 45pm	*9 20am
Ar Weldon	11 10pm	11 45am
Ar Henderson	12 56am	1 35pm
Ar Raleigh	2 22am	3 36pm
Ar Southern Pines	4 27am	6 00pm
Ar Hamlet	5 14am	7 00pm
Lv. Wilmington, S. A. L.		*3 05pm
Ar Monroe, S. A. L.	*6 53am	*9 12pm
Ar Charlotte S. A. L.	*8 00am	*10 25pm
Ar Chester S. A. L.	*8 13am	*10 55pm
Ar Greenwood	10 45am	1 12am
Ar Athens	1 24pm	3 48am
Ar Atlanta	3 50pm	6 15am

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 402	No. 38
Lv Atlanta S. A. L.	*1 00pm	*8 50pm
Ar Athens	3 08pm	11 06pm
Ar Greenwood	5 40pm	1 46am
Ar Chester	7 53pm	4 08am
Ar Monroe	9 30pm	5 45am
Lv. Charlotte, S. A. L.	*8 20pm	*5 00am
Ar Hamlet, S. A. L.	*11 10pm	*7 43am
Ar Wilmington, S. A. L.*		*12 05pm
Ar So. Pines S. A. L.	*12 02am	*9 00am
Ar Raleigh	2 03am	11 13am
Ar Henderson	3 28am	12 45pm
Ar Weldon	4 55am	2 50pm
Ar Portsmouth	7 25am	5 20pm
Ar Richmond A. C. L.	*8 15am	*7 20pm
Ar Washington, P. R R.	12 31pm	11 20pm
Ar New York	6 23pm	6 53am

*Daily. †Daily Ex. Sunday.

Nos. 403 and 402 —"The Atlanta Special," Solid Vestibuled Train of Pullman Sleepers and Coaches between Washington and Atlanta, also Pullman Sleepers between Portsmouth and Charlotte, N. C.

Nos. 41 and 38.—"The S. A. L. Express," Solid Train Coaches and Pullman Sleepers between Portsmouth and Atlanta.

Both trains make immediate connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon and Florida.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to

H. S. Leard, T. P. A.,
Z. P. Smith, C. T. A.
Yarborough House, Raleigh, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice President and Gen' Mgr
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
General Offices: PORTSMOUTH VA.

DIRGE FOR A SOLDIER.

BY PAUL LAURENCE DUNBAR.

In the East the morning comes,
Hear the rolling of the drums
On the hill.
But the heart that beat as they beat
In the battle's raging day heat
Lieth still.
Unto him the night has come,
Though they roll the morning drum.

What is in the bugle's blast?
It is: "Victory at last!
Now for rest."
But, my comrades, come behold him
Where our colors now enfold him,
And his breast
Bares no more to meet the blade,
But lies covered in the shade.

What stir there is to-day!
They are laying him away
Where he fell.
There the flag goes draped before him;
Now they pile the grave sod o'er him
With a knell.
And he answers to his name
In the higher ranks of fame.

There's a woman left to mourn
For the child that she has borne
In travail.
But her heart beats high and higher,
With a patriot mother's fire,
At the tale.
She has borne and lost a son,
But her work and his are done.

Fling the flag out, let it wave;
They're returning from the grave—
"Double quick!"
And the cymbals now are crashing,
Bright his comrades' eyes are flashing
From the thick
Battle-ranks which knew him brave,
No tears for a hero's grave.

In the East the morning comes,
Hear the rattle of the drums
Far away.
Now no time for grief's pursuing,
Other work is for the doing,
Here to-day.
He is sleeping, let him rest
With the flag across his breast.
—Youth's Companion.

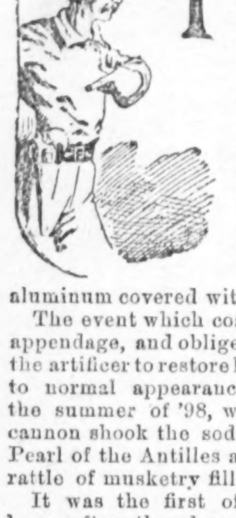
Thrilling War Stories.

A Tale of the Santiago Campaign, Written Exclusively For This Paper by

OSCAR HATCH HAWLEY,

Late Corporal 9th Infantry, U. S. A.

"CORPORAL GRIFF."



THE operation of putting a tin ear on a man is described in the parlance of the Bowery as "smashin' a bloke on his listener." That, however, is not the way Corporal Griff received his tin ear—which really is not tin at all, but aluminum covered with wax.

The event which cost Griff his aural appendage, and obliged him to rely on the artificer to restore his physiognomy to normal appearance, happened in the summer of '98, when the roar of cannon shook the sodden hills of the Pearl of the Antilles and the roll and rattle of musketry filled the island.

It was the first of July, half an hour after the charge on San Juan Hill. The soldiers, using bayonets as entrenching knives, were throwing up a temporary earth-work in desperate haste. The scene was one of intense excitement and activity when an officer, running along the line of the Tenth Infantry, suddenly stopped and shouted:

"Corporal Griff!"

"Here, sir," responded a soldier, jumping to his feet and coming to attention.

"Take a detail of twelve men, go down on the bottom there, and clean out a few of them sharpshooters."

"Very well, sir."

"And don't come back again till you've got least half a dozen of 'em," continued the officer, savagely, as Griff saluted and started off to pick out his detail.

Long service in the Apache country around Fort Sill and Prescott Barracks had made Griff indifferent to danger, and he experienced only a strange thrill of savage delight at having been selected to lead this squad on the hunt for human game, where no quarter would be asked and none given, and every man would shoot to kill.

The bottom referred to was a broad plain across which the soldiers had just charged in reaching the hill. Tall, thick grass covered it from end to end, and it was dotted here and there with bread-fruit trees, in whose bushy tops were concealed many Spanish riflemen.

Just after dusk that evening Griff again encountered the officer on top of the hill.

"Well," said the latter as the corporal touched his hat, "do you want to see me?"

"I jest want to report, captain, an' ask fur another detail."

"What d'you want?" began the officer, and then peering intently through the gloom a moment said sharply:

"Griff, what's the matter with your ear?"

"Nothin', sir, nothin', as I know of," was the laconic response.

"Nothing! Why, it's all blood; your left ear is gone!"

"Oh, I thought you meant my ear, sir, seein' as I only have one now. That," and Griff pointed to the side of his face, "that's where the last feller missed me."

"Yes, he did miss you, and pretty close, too," said the captain grimly. "Well, you go back to the hospital about as quick as you know how and get that wound dressed."

"But first off, sir, I'd like another detail fur a little while."

"What d'you want 'em for?"

"To bury the first detail, sir."

"What!"

The captain jumped as though shot.

"That's right, sir."

Griff's voice trembled a little as he made answer.

"Corporal, tell me about it," said the officer sadly as he sat down in a half-finished trench and buried his face in his hands.

"Well, sir, y'u see it was this way: I picked out my men—all old hands 'cept Slocum—took 'em down t' th' foot o' th' hill, an' deployed 'em two paces apart, Shorty Smith on th' right an' me on th' left. Then we advanced, meanin' to fire into th' first 'spicious lookin' tree we struck.

"We hadn't gone forty yards when Youngs, next t' me, says:

"'Shorty's down.'

"'That's rough luck,' says I.

"'Right through th' head, too,' says he.

"So I halted 'em an' walked over to th' other end of th' line, an' there he was, dead, sure enough.

"Well, we held a little confab, tryin' to determine where th' bullet come from. But 'twan't no use, fur they was trees on all sides an' in front an' so much firin' on the hill that we couldn't tell a single shot on the bottom. So, tellin' 'em to keep a sharp watch out, I ordered another advance.

"We jest started off when Youngs went down like a log, never makin' a sound. But I didn't stop 'em then. I had my eye on a tree about three hundred yards away, an' we was makin' fur it right lively when Model Mike threw up his hands an' fell all in a heap.

"Then I halted 'em again an' we dropped into th' tall grass fur protection. Mike wasn't dead yet, an' before he cashed in he said he knew where that shot come from. It was th' same tree I'd spotted, an' so I give orders t' charge it an' pump lead into th' top of it from th' word go.

"We charged an' fired an' three fellers come tumblin' down out of it. One of 'em wasn't dead, an' as we come runnin' up, he sort o' half set up and pointed to his mouth, sayin': 'Agwa, agwa;' meaning water, y'u know.

"'I'll give y'u agwa,' says Solly Smith (Shorty's brother), jumpin' ahead. 'Y'ure one of the dirty greasers that killed Shorty.'

"An' with that he bats him over th' dead with th' butt of his gun. Jest then there was a shot from the tree an' Solly dropped, bein' shot through th' head from th' top down.

"We got that feller o' th' tree mighty quick and then I took a sort of inventory. They was jest six left besides me. Three shot in th' advance, two in th' charge an' one under the tree.

"We'd got four greasers, so we was still a couple shy on our order. I reckoned we'd be able t' git them all right, an' ordered another advance.

"When we started Young Slocum he begun blubberin', sayin' he'd be th' next one to git it, an' somethin' about a girl, an' a lot of such bosh. I told him he would be next sure enough if he didn't shut up, as I'd plant him right there myself. But 'twan't necessary, sir, fur he dropped 'fore I fairly had th' words out o' my mouth.

"I lost the other five gittin' th' next greaser, an' that left me t' hunt th' last one alone. We seen each other about th' same time. He jest missed me an' that's how I come t' git him.

"After that I lay in the grass till dark an' then come back to report."

"Griff," said the captain, rising slowly, "take your detail, mark all the graves as plainly as possible and then go to the hospital."

"Very well, sir," and Corporal Griff saluted as he disappeared in the darkness.

A RIVER OF DEATH.

The Yellow River of China and Its Appalling Record.

The Yellow River in China is at once the scourge and the blessing of the densely populated country through which it flows. For centuries its inundations, more or less severe, but invariably disastrous, have been of periodical occurrence, and every effort to prevent them has been unsuccessful. The river brings down with it from the mountains where it has its rise an enormous quantity of clayish soil, from whose appearance it derives its name. This soil is held in suspension in the upper reaches of the stream, where an extraordinarily swift current impedes sedimentation, but when the river reaches the lower level of the valley and the rapidity of its descent is checked the soil carried in suspension sinks to the bottom.

That is an ordinary process, but in the case of the Yoang-Ho, or Yellow River, it is made extraordinary by the enormous volume of the subsistence. It goes on so rapidly and the current is so slow that the bed of the river is constantly filling up, and to prevent the water from spreading over the valley in a shallow lake it has been necessary to construct, and is essential to maintain, an immense system of artificial embankments. As the river rises the height of these embankments is increased, and at many places along its course the surface of the river is high above the level of the surrounding country. Under such conditions the recurrence of destructive inundations is inevitable. The embankments are supposed to be under constant surveillance, and any weakness that may develop is immediately repaired; but Chinese science and Chinese numbers are unable to resist the mighty pressure of the swollen river in times of flood. A break takes place in the protecting wall, through which the waters pour; sections of the embankment are swept away, and pretty soon the adjacent country has been converted into a lake.

These recurrent visitations are endured by the Chinese with characteristic resignation. A few years ago a flood occurred from which it was estimated that 6,000,000 people lost their lives. Yet the Chinese no more think of deserting the scene of these repeated disasters than the Egyptians think of leaving the valley of the Nile. They know the danger that they run, but the fertility of the soil thus inordinately watered draws them to the locality with an irresistible attraction. If Western energy and skill could control the Yellow River the blessing to the Chinese people would be immeasurable.

Sailors' Superstitions.

Pets are believed to bring good luck, and when, in the recent war with Spain, a man was struck and killed by a bursting shell on the Texas, all the sailors in the fleet said it was because the battleship was without a mascot.

The cat has had a reputation among seafaring men, most of whom believe that she brings ill-luck to a ship. If a cat falls overboard and is drowned (she is always rescued if possible), the men will often leave at the next port, believing the ship to be doomed; and I have heard men-o'-war's-men cite the case of the old Kearsarge as proof thereof.

On her last voyage the frigate carried a cat and a monkey. A violent feud existed between them, and on their way north, one dark and stormy night, Jocko threw poor Tom overboard, running along the rail and chattering like a fiend as the unfortunate pet disappeared in the boiling waves. The seas were running too high to admit of launching a boat, and puss was left to a watery grave, but not without many gloomy forebodings, which were realized soon afterward, when the Kearsarge stranded on the fatal reef.

To fall down without any apparent cause is a warning of death in the immediate future. An American cruiser was lying off Nice a few years ago, when a seaman fell prone on the deck. Upon rising he went to his bunk, and, returning, placed a slip of paper bearing his mother's address in the hands of a messmate, saying he did not expect to see home again.—Self Culture.

Cotton From Fir Trees.

A new use has been found for wood through the invention by an Austrian of a process for making artificial cotton from fir trees. The wood is reduced to thin shavings, which are placed in a washing apparatus, exposed to steam for ten hours. They are then subjected to a strong preparation of sodium lye and are heated under great pressure for thirty-six hours.

THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY.

The South.

The most practical and experienced politicians in the Republican party are said to be opposed to the proposition to reduce the representation of the South in the Republican national convention.

The First Tennessee regiment, on its return from service in the Philippines, has reached its home in Nashville.

One of the most highly appreciated Thanksgiving gifts made in Richmond was the announcement made by the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad to the yard conductors and brakemen of a ten per cent. increase in their wages, to begin the first of this month.

The citizens of Key West, Fla., have petitioned the Navy Department not to remove the bodies of Maine victims buried there.

The North.

Prof. Borden P. Browne, of Boston, in an address before the Methodist Congress, whose sessions closed in St. Louis, made a plea for liberalism in religion.

Joseph Wilkins, of Washington, D. C., and Howard Butler, of Philadelphia, were sent to prison in Philadelphia for violating the oleomargarine laws. The case had been in the courts for two years.

Vice President Garrett A. Hobart's will was fieled for probate at Patterson, N. J.

It is announced that Senator M. A. Hanna, of Ohio, will probably not manage another Presidential campaign.

The thirteenth annual convention of the Association of Colleges and Preparatory Schools of the Middle States and Maryland has begun its sessions at Trenton, N. J.

A fire in the heart of the shopping district of Philadelphia destroyed property to the value of $1,700,000, including the Lippincott publishing plant.

Silver Republican leaders in conference in Chicago decided to try to bring about fusion of their followers with Democrats and Populists in 1900.

The Reading, Pa., soldier who has yellow fever at New York is reported better.

As an act of appreciation of Booker T. Washington, the committee in charge of the reception to him at the Charleston Street church, Boston, Friday night, gave him a complmentary dinner at the American House last night. Mr. Washington said that his life had been spent in making a demonstration that the black man could build and support an institution for the improvement of his people. The other speakers included R. H. L. Smith, of Texas, and Robert W. Taylor, of the Tuskeegee School. After dinner it was voted to offer a scholarship to the Tuskeegee school.

Foreign.

Fighting between the British and the Boers has begun at Colenso, Natal, and may presage a general engagement.

British war officials are concealing the facts as to General Methuen's loss at Modder river and his progress toward Kimberley.

It is rumored that Sir Edmund J. Monson, British Ambassador to Paris, will apply for a prolonged lief of absence as a protest against attacks in the French press against Great Britain.

Emperor Francis Joseph, in a speech at Vienna, said Austria was maintaining strict neutrality in the South African war, but he hoped for an early peace.

A mass meeting at Cienfuegos, Cuba, decided to protest to President McKinley against the establishment of a civil government for the islands.

Miscellaneous.

General Lawton has captured Bayombong, Luzon.

At a conference of Republican members of the House it was decided that the eligibility of Representative Roberts, of Utah, to occupy a seat in the House should be investigated by a special committee, and that, pending the decision, he should not be allowed to take the oath of office.

In his annual report secretary Hitchcock urges changes in the pension system and outlines the legislation which he regards as necessary.

The speech of Joseph Chamberlain advocating an alliance of Great Britain, the United States and Germany, has created a great deal of comment in Europe.

Captain Oliver B. Warwick, of the eighteenth infantry, was killed in battle at Passi, Island of Paney.

General Leonard Wood, Military Governor of Santiago, says there is no prospect of a revolt in Cuba against American authority. His recommendation of a reduction of the military force in Cuba has been approved, and a number of troops will be withdrawn from the island. It is stated that General Wood will be appointed surgeon general of the army when General Sternberg retires next June.

The Senate Finance Committee will meet on Saturday to consider a financial bill prepared by its subcommittee. The bill is said by Senator Allison to differ from the measure prepared by the House caucus committee.

Drug men are trying to prevent the importation of impure assafoedita, ipecac, rhubarb and jalap.

Republican leaders are concerned about the Roberts case, and do not wish to take any party action against the Mormon Representative from Utah. Representative Bailey is one of the Democratic members who claim that the House has no right to refuse Mr. Roberts a seat, or to expel him.

A desperate battle has occurred between the British and Boers at Modder river, south of Kimberley. General Methuen, the British commander, says he forced the Boers to quit their positions.

In his annual report Secretary Root recommends a form of government for Puerto Rico. He also recommends the reorganization and increase of the army.

It is reported from Boer sources that Ladysmith, Natal, has been surrendered by the British.

Joseph Chamberlain, speaker of Leicester, England, defended the British policy in South Africa.

The G. A. R. General Committee meeting at Chicago, will recommend that the thirty-fourth annual encampment be held there about September 1 1900.

A Soapless Country.

In spite of British rule, India is still virtually a soapless country. Throughout the villages of Hindostan soap is indeed regarded as a natural curiosity, and it is rarely, if ever, kept in stock by the native shopkeeper. In the towns it is now sold to a certain extent, but how small this is may be gathered from the fact that the total yearly consumption of soap in India is about 100,000 hundredweight—that is to say, every 2,500 persons use on an average only 112 pounds of soap among them, or, in other words, considerably less than an ounce is the average consumption for a person.

TAMING WILD BEASTS

ANIMAL TRAINER RECOUNTS SOME OF HIS EXPERIENCES.

Head in a Lion's Mouth—The Huge Kings of the Forests Are Hard to Train and Are Never to Be Depended Upon.

"Extra hazardous" might well qualify the "risk" that would be placed with the name of a lion-tamer should he have the hardihood to apply for an accident policy; but the intrepid individual who puts his head in the lion's mouth and chases irate beasts up and down narrow cages does not apparently think so much about these things as the man of sedentary occupation, says the New York Telegraph. This was the opinion of a famous trainer, who has been following the perilous profession for twenty-five years and who discussed the pros and cons of his business with cheerful candor. The trainer, who has only been out of the hospital a few days, exhibited with nonchalence a bandaged leg where a lioness had nipped through a few inches above the ankle. The same animal had bitten him in the same place a few years before in Manchester, England. It was evidently a favorite bite with her.

"I've been lucky for a year now," said the tamer. "The last trouble I had of any importance was last summer. A friend of mine asked me to break three young lions for performing. The result was that after a few lessons I hoved down for repairs, and had thirty stitches taken in my back. The lions remained as frisky as ever—some lions, you know, absolutely refuse to be educated. The teeth of a lion exemplify the finest condition of development of the carnivorous type. The great, sharp, canine teeth placed wide apart at the angles of the mouth can hold on better than any pincers I have ever seen. The jaws are short and strong, and are moved by powerful muscles."

"Is there any peculiarity about lion-tamers, national or otherwise?" queried the reporter.

"I can't say there is," responded the trainer. "I happen to be a Scotchman. Six lion-tamers, if you choose to call us such, came from the same place I did. You might not believe it, but the excitable French are adept, although I believe the Germans are more successful in the handling of animals. During my residence in this country the last three years I have met a number of Americans who gave every evidence of handling animals as fearlessly as any men I have ever met; they are not so patient, perhaps, as the Germans, in trying to teach them tricks, but they are very alert and daring."

"How do you go about the business of training lions?"

"Well, the first thing is to get them to know you from work in front of the cage; go into the den every morning and read the papers—my wife used to take her sewing and work an hour or so. This is the early stage before you use a whip. You can't train lions to do much; you can urge them to run about the cage, jump the hurdle and leap through a hoop. Of course, putting your head in the lion's mouth is always a risk and should not be attempted unless the animal is quiet. You stroke the beast's back as you would that of a cat. This sort of soothes him and you may take advantage of this fact to quietly pry open his jaws and press your head so closely to the teeth as your courage permits. Of course, if the animal is disposed to close down on you at this time trepanning would be necessary if you ever got out alive. Personally, I am more afraid of a lion's paws than I am of his jaws. Talk about 'upper cuts,' left hooks' and that sort of prize-fighting fancy shots! A lion is wonderfully clever and he does it without gloves. A lion's claws take hold like a fish hook. A tiger or leopard gives with the paws a side slash that cuts like a knife.

"Lions are fed after they perform; that is part of their reward for the work; so that the idea that they are 'dopy' and overfed when we go into the cage is a mistake. I would rather work with lions any time than elephants. They are such treacherous and powerful beasts. I have had their tusks each side of me thrust through three inches of board and I have had 'em goring the ground as I lay between the ivories—thinking each moment would be my last.

"Oh, yes, lions are cantankerous and have their bad days. Some of them seem chronically bad.

"The lioness that I am working now is not a good animal. The fact is she has killed and maimed five keepers, not to mention the horses she has killed when she has been on the rampage. You may remember, she got out in New York four years ago and was gone two days. I finally caught her in a stable, where she had been dining a la carte off the poor horses. A year ago in Kansas City she killed her last keeper. I have not worked with her for three years until recently. I showed you the result of our first scrimmage after my return," and the man pointed significantly to his bandaged leg."

The Czar's American Driving Teacher.

George J. Fuller, the trotting horse expert, who sailed for Russia a short time ago, will have the pleasant task of teaching the czar how to manage the trotting horse. He has been especially engaged by the Russian government to instruct the army and the royal family. Mr. Fuller is a veteran of the civil war, and is well over 60 years old. He said to a sportsman before leaving: "I know nearly every trotting horse in the country, and I think they all know me."

Hit Below the Belt.

"You and young Chubbleigh don't speak to each other any more, Ethel. What is the matter?"

"Nothing, only he told me one day when we were at the park that I had a swanlike neck, and I told him he had a swanlike walk."

The Best.

PINEVILLE, N. C., Jan. 1, 1899.

I have used Dr King's Wild Cherry and Tar for Coughs and Colds and can say it is the best thing I have ever tried. When taken by directions will cure in a very short time. Easy to take and quick to take effect.—L. H. Robinson. Sold and guaranteed by Burwell & Dunn Co., Charlotte, and all medicine dealers, 25c.

Fifteen cents seems to be a pretty steep price to pay for one banana; yet that is the price charged in Boston for bananas of the red color of the first quality, while those of the second quality are sold for five cents. The reason given for the high prices for the red bananas is that great damage was done to the crops in Cuba by the war, and that the banana output has suffered like everything else.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use } Thompson's Eye Water

Wanted

Two traveling salesmen in each Southern State, $50 and expenses. Experience not absolutely necessary. For particulars address Pocahontas Tobacco Works Co., Bedford City, Va.

A correspondent points out that President Krueger's ultimatum is the first that has ever been received by Great Britain.

How Are Your Kidneys?

Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad will have 62 new compound consolidated freight locomotives by the last of January. Fifty were ordered in September from the Baldwin Locomotive Works, and the order has just been augmented by 12 more. These locomotives, when completed, will represent the highest type of heavy freight power.

Each package of Putnam Fadeless Dye colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better too. Sold by all druggists.

It is ascertained, on scientific data, that the air resistance to a railway rain of average weigh moving 60 miles an hour is 11,374 pounds—nearly six tons.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Another blue grotto, like that on the island of Capri, has been discovered on the shore of the promontory of Skinari, on the Ionian island Zante. The entrance is from the sea, and is larger than in the Capri grotto, but the interior is smaller. Fishing boats can make their way in when the water is calm.

A plan o found a colony in Cuba, with the twin purposes of raising fruit for United States markets and of establishing a winter resor, will be recommended soon.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

A MAN BARGAIN-HUNTER.

Not Agreeable as the Provider for a Household.

When the man becomes a bargain-hunter he goes about it with masculine seriousness, hunts bargains by level and rule, and there is nothing feminine that can equal him, says the New York Times. There is one man in New York who never buys anything at the regular market price. Just now he is wearing a straw hat that cost 35 cents. That really is a bargain in bargains, though he has limited himself to 50 cents for a straw hat and $1 for the soft felt hats he wears in winter. He also rejoices in a suit that cost $7.50, and the man who orders his clothes at the shop where there is only "one price" says he cannot see much difference between the bargain suit and his own, where there are two figures in the dollar mark. But then a bargain always looks better on the other man. The woman who knows says that a bargain-hunting man is never a bargain as a husband. The bargain habit in the woman is only a bit of femininity emphasized, but the bargain spirit in the man means a strong characteristic which is not agreeable in any one who is the provider for a household. There is a P. S. to this story, which has come in at the eleventh hour, and which goes to show that man as a class is a recognized bargain hunter. These latest advices show that at the time the man—supposed to be a rara avis—when he purchased his 35-cent hat, also purchased a number of other small things, his entire bill amounting to 75 cents. Thereupon the clerk in the shop, which undoubtedly caters to the man bargain hunter, presented him, in consideration of his extensive purchases, with a card numbered around the side for punches, entitling him to have his shoes blacked fifty times in that establishment, without charge. Did ever a tea store offer a woman so large a premium as this?

An Innocent Critic.

Governor Roosevelt is always glad of a laugh. A short time ago he employed an opportunity and paid for it. The incident happened while he was visiting Cornell University during a convention. The students, glad of a chance to display their enthusiasm, entertained the Governor at one of the fraternity houses, relates the Youth's Companion. Just as he was about to leave one of his staff said to him:

"Governor, the boys have the foundation of a capital library, and I think they would appreciate a copy of your 'Rough Riders.'"

"All right, boys," said the Governor, heartily. "I'll be glad to send you a copy with my compliments. The book would be but a small return for your hospitality."

Whereupon one of the students broke in excitedly:

"That's so, Governor, I've read it."

Choate's Joke on Philadelphia.

Mr. Choate, Ambassador to England, is credited with the latest joke on Philadelphia. It was at a dinner given to him by the members of the Philadelphia bar. The toasts of the evening had been given, when the Chairman, with a jocular remark, called for a eulogy of the Quaker City, relates the New York World.

Mr. Choate rose, and with a bow began what promised to be a magnificent encomium upon the glories of the city of Penn. So magnificent, indeed, were his compliments that a feeling of apprehension began to creep over the company. It occurred to them that perhaps there was an element of sarcasm in these honeyed phrases. Finally the speaker paused.

"I wish to congratulate you especially," he then said, "upon the possession of two of the most distinguished citizens since the days of Washington—Albert Gallatin, of Geneva, and Benjamin Franklin, of Boston."

In some towns of Germany the telephone is introduced by tobacconists as an additional attraction to customers. Anyone who buys a cigar may, if he desires, speak over the tobacconist's instrument.

Dr. Bull's
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Dr. Bull's Pills cure Dyspepsia. Trial, 20 for 5c.

Everyone to His Trade.

The recent death of Mme. Aubernon de Nerville in Paris recalls a reply once made to her by Dumas fils, who did not enjoy a certain kind of lionizing, relates the Chicago News. At a dinner at Mme. Aubernon's one evening he sat next to a certain General, who was disconcerted by Dumas' chilly manner.

"Why do you not tell the General some of your witty stories?" asked the hostess, in a whisper.

"Mon Dieu, Madame," replied Dumas, in his most ingenuous way, "everyone to his trade—I was waiting for him to fire off a cannon!"

The Philippine Islands have taken $777,329 merchandise from the United States thus far this year, against $84,856 last year.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

A retired Mississippi steamboat captain intends to make his will by talking into a phonograph, and having the receiving cylinder preserved so that in case of contest it can be produced in court.

Words of Praise From a Banker.

Mr. Chas. E. Currier, of the Atlanta National Bank, is very careful with his words, not only in financiering, but in his conversation generally. He suffered much from indigestion, and writes: "I have used Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy in attacks of acute indigestion, and have always found it to give instantaneous relief. I consider it a medicine of high merit. C. E. Currier."

Price 50 cents a bottle, at all druggists; or sent for price, express paid, by Tyner Dyspepsia Remedy Co., 45 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga.

A fire extinguisher which may easily be made and kept stored in bottles ready for use consists of three pounds of salt and one and one-half pounds of sal ammoniac, dissolved in a gallon of water.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

—Marriage is sometimes the refrigerator of love. So. 49.

Vitality low, debilitated or exhausted cured by Dr Kline's Invigorating Tonic. Free $1 trial bottle for 2 weeks' treatment. Dr. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia. Founded 1871.

After physicians had given me up, I was saved by Piso's Cure.—Ralph Erieg, Williamsport Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

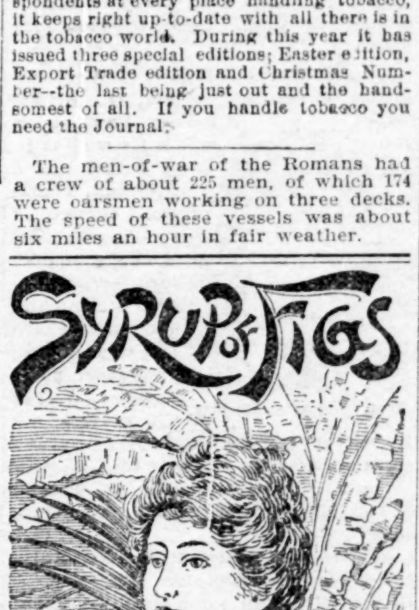
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Southern Tobacco Journal,

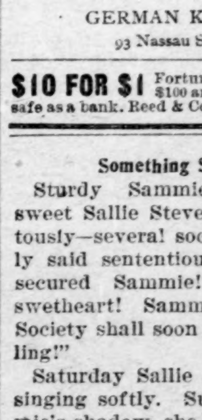
Winston, N. C., of which Mr. H. E. Harman is editor and owner, occupies a place of its own in Southern Trade Journalism. Published at Winston, the home of standard chewing tobaccos, with competent correspondents at every place handling tobacco, it keeps right up-to-date with all there is in the tobacco world. During this year it has issued three special editions; Easter edition, Export Trade edition and Christmas Number--the last being just out and the handsomest of all. If you handle tobacco you need the Journal.

The men-of-war of the Romans had a crew of about 225 men, of which 174 were oarsmen working on three decks. The speed of these vessels was about six miles an hour in fair weather.

SYRUP OF FIGS



ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY,
DISPELS COLDS HEADACHES & FEVERS
OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY.
TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.
BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.



"COTTON Culture" is the name of a valuable illustrated pamphlet which should be in the hands of every planter who raises Cotton. The book is sent FREE.

Send name and address to
GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

$10 FOR $1 Fortunes in stocks; invest $5 to $100 and get $1000 for $100 sure; safe as a bank. Reed & Co., 131 S. 5th St., Phila., Pa.

Something Sibilantly Silly.

Sturdy Sammie Simpson sought sweet Sallie Stevens' society so solicitously—several social societies severally said sententiously, "Sallie's surely secured Sammie! Sallie's Sammie's swetheart! Sammie's Sallie's slave! Society shall soon see something startling!"

Saturday Sallie sat sewing steadily, singing softly. Suddenly seeing Sammie's shadow, she seized scissors, snipped savagely, still singing softly.

Sammie said slyly, "Sweetheart, sing Sammie something sadly sweet."

Sallie started—seemingly surprised—saying: "Sammie Sampson, stop saying such silly stuff. Spoony sentiments sound soft. Say something sensible."

Sammie Straightaway said: "Sweetest Sallie, set some time soon." Sally serenely said, "Say Sunday." "Surely, surely," shouted Sammie, supremely satisfied.

Sequel: Sammie Sampson's safely secured. Sallie Steven's settled. Sammie's suited. Society's satisfied.—Boston Journal.

The Whole Truth!

There's nothing so bad for a cough as coughing. There's nothing so good for a cough as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

The 25 cent size is just right for an ordinary, everyday cold. The 50 cent size is better for the cough of bronchitis, croup, grip, and hoarseness. The dollar size is the best for chronic coughs, as in consumption, chronic bronchitis, asthma, etc.

CARTER'S INK
Ever use it? You should.

SAVE YOUR STAR TIN TAGS

"Star" tin tags (showing small stars printed on under side of tag), "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and "Drummond" Natural Leaf Tin Tags are of equal value in securing presents mentioned below, and may be assorted. Every man, woman and child can find something on the list that they would like to have, and can have

FREE!

	Tags.
1 Match Box	25
2 Knife, one blade, good steel	25
3 Scissors, 4½ inches	25
4 Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	25
5 Salt and Pepper Set, one each, quadruple plate on white metal	25
6 French Briar Wood Pipe	25
7 Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	50
8 Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality	60
9 Sugar Shell, triple plate, best qual.	60
10 Stamp Box, sterling silver	70
11 Knife, "Keen Kutter," two blades	75
12 Butcher Knife, "Keen Kutter," 8-in blade	75
13 Shears, "Keen Kutter," 8-inch	75
14 Nut Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver plated	80
15 Base Ball, "Association," best qual.	100
16 Alarm Clock, nickel	150
17 Six Genuine Rogers' Teaspoons, best plated goods	150
18 Watch, nickel, stem wind and set	200
19 Carvers, good steel, buckhorn handles	200
20 Six Genuine Rogers' Table Spoons, best plated goods	250
21 Six each, Knives and Forks, buckhorn handles	250
22 Six each, Genuine Rogers' Knives and Forks, best plated goods	500
23 Clock, 8-day, Calendar, Thermometer, Barometer	500
24 Gun case, leather, no better made	500
25 Revolver, automatic, double action, 32 or 38 caliber	600
26 Tool Set, not playthings, but real tools	650
27 Toilet Set, decorated porcelain, very handsome	800
28 Remington Rifle No. 4, 22 or 32 cal.	800
29 Watch, sterling silver, full jeweled	1000
30 Dress Suit Case, leather, handsome and durable	1000
31 Sewing Machine, first class, with all attachments	1500
32 Revolver, Colt's, 38-caliber, blued steel	1500
33 Rifle, Colt's, 16-shot, 22-caliber	1500
34 Guitar (Washburn), rosewood, inlaid	2000
35 Mandolin, very handsome	2000
36 Winchester Repeating Shot Gun, 12 gauge	2000
37 Remington, double-barrel, hammer Shot Gun, 10 or 12 gauge	2000
38 Bicycle, standard make, ladies or gents	2500
39 Shot Gun, Remington, double barrel, hammerless	3000
40 Regina Music Box, 15½ inch Disc	5000

THE ABOVE OFFER EXPIRES NOVEMBER 30TH, 1900.

Special Notice! Plain "Star" Tin Tags (that is, Star tin tags with no small stars printed on under side of tag), are *not good for presents*, but will be paid for in CASH on the basis of twenty cents per hundred, if received by us on or before March 1st, 1900.

BEAR IN MIND that a dime's worth of
STAR PLUG TOBACCO
will last longer and afford more pleasure than a dime's worth of any other brand.
MAKE THE TEST!
Send tags to CONTINENTAL TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.

The strike started by 30 girls working in a factory in Derby, Conn., because another employe was permitted to eat limburger cheese with her luncheon, has been won, and the offensive item has been banished from the menu.

Pick Up $40

By writing at once for the remarkable offer of the South's greatest institution of Practical Business Training,

The Ga.-Ala. Business College,
Don't Delay! MACON, GA.

PRICE 25¢
QUINACETOL
TRADE MARK
CURES
LA GRIPPE AND COLDS
W. F. HALL, Manufacturing Chemist. Statesville, N. C.

OWENS CHERRY TREES
Finest Fruit and Shade Tree in the World. Largest Tree and Fruit. $1 buys 6 delivered, prepaid. Address, DR. BRIGHT, care Box 607, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

WANTED—Gentleman or lady to represent us in this vicinity, having wide acquaintance with property owners and people with means. If you can give good reference there is $3000 yearly income. No experience or money required. For information address, H. E. Rider, 10 Wall St., N. Y.

Biliousness

"I have used your valuable CASCARETS and find them perfect. Couldn't do without them. I have used them for some time for indigestion and biliousness and am now completely cured. Recommend them to every one. Once tried, you will never be without them in the family." Edw. A. Marx, Albany, N. Y.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 321

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

THE KEELEY INSTITUTE
GREENSBORO, N. C.
For the treatment of THE LIQUOR, OPIUM, MORPHINE and other Drug Addictions. The Tobacco Habit, Nerve Exhaustion.
WRITE US FOR
Our Illustrated HAND-BOOK.

PLANT CHERRY TREES.

The Amos Owens Famous Black Heart Cherry is the Best For Fruit and Shade.

There is no tree on the market today producing a more beautiful shade than the Owens Cherry. They produce a tree from 50 to 80 feet high, with long spreading branches, making a dense growth and a beautiful shaped tree, which would be well worth the planting for ornamental purposes alone. Thirty-six towns in N. C., S. C., Va. and Ga., have planted them in quantities on their streets.

The tree attains its growth rapidly, soon getting up out of reach of stock, and requires but little attention, and its life is indefinite. Six trees sent prepaid for $1 cash with order. Address Dr. Bright, care box 607, Charlotte, N. C.

The Old Bay Line.

The popularity of the Old Bay Line of Steamers from Norfolk to Baltimore never grows less, but every one going that way wants to go again. First class steamers, good meals, good night's rest. Their beautiful new folder, just issued, giving winter schedules, can be had for the asking. Address, Wm. Randall, Old Bay Line, Baltimore, Md.

How He Got Home Duty.

A characteristic story is being told of Sir Redvers Buller, says the New York Press. As everybody knows, he has been kept much on foreign service. On returning to England on one occasion after having especially distinguished himself, an audience with the Queen was granted to him. He was received graciously by Her Majesty, who remarked: "I am sorry, Sir Redvers, that I have not seen more of you." The blunt soldier replied: That's not my fault, ma'am." Sir Redvers got home duty for a while after that.

It is likely that the Russian expedition to Spitzbergen will have to be postponed a year on account of unusual accumulation of ice around the islands.

CANE MILLS, Evaporators, KETTLES,
ENGINES, BOILERS AND SAW MILLS,
AND REPAIRS FOR SAME.
Bristle Twine, Babbit, Saw Teeth and Files, Shafting, Pulleys, Belting, Injectors, Pipes, Valves and Fittings.
LOMBARD IRON WORKS & SUPPLY CO.,
AUGUSTA, GA.

HAVE YOU A HOME?
If so, you want a GARLAND STOVE to make you happy.
If they are not sold by your leading merchant, write to
SHEPHERD SUPPLY CO.,
CHARLESTON, S. C.,
— STATE AGENTS FOR —
GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES
The World's Best

ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF
GALVANIZED CORNICES, ETC.

TIMBERLAND WANTED. I WILL PAY CASH For timber tracts of
Poplar, Oak, Ash, Chestnut, Hickory, Maple, Walnut, Pine and Hemlock,
Within ten miles of railroad. Nothing less than 200 acre tracts considered. Send description and price to J. H. LEONARD, 74 Cortlandt St., New York.

CUTLER'S CARBOLATE OF IODINE.
A guaranteed Cure for Catarrh, Consumption and Hay Fever. All Druggists, $1.00. W. H. SMITH & CO., Buffalo, N. Y., Props.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

ATTENTION is facilitated if you mention this paper when writing advertisers. No. 49

"La Creole" Will Restore those Gray Hairs
"La Creole" Hair Restorer is a Perfect Dressing and Restorer Price $1.00.